The Janesville Daily Gazette.

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There are sixty prominent candidates for cabinet positions. There are many who would like to be called, but seven can only be chosen.

Guesses as to the make-up of the cabinet are being freely made. All concede however, that Senator Blaine will be Secretary of State, but below that, guessing is varied and reckless, and sometimes quite amusing. It seems probable that Charles Foster will get a place in the cabinet. It would be too radical a change to leave Ohio out of the cabinet.

It has cost over $100,000 to remove the obelisk from Egypt to this country and set it up in Central Park. It was carried 5,382 miles by water, and 11,520 feet by land. The entire cost of removing the obelisk has been borne by William H. Vanderbilt for which he has drawn his checks to the amount of $103,732. This does not include the price of the vessel which was purchased by Mr. Vanderbilt expressly for the purpose of bringing the obelisk to this country, as it will likely be sold for as much as he paid for it.

Those who have been watching and hoping that General Garfield would make a blunder in the formation of his cabinet, will have to hang their heads in disappointment. He will be so judicious in gathering about him cabinet officers, that he will win the confidence of the country more than ever, and will also harmonize all factions of the party and make it stronger than it has been for years. Like Lincoln, General Garfield will seek advisers among the several factions, and will make his administration a power for good by uniting the party and having a worthy representative thereof prominently connected with the government.

The Beloit Free Press endorses the candidacy of Colonel Ole C. Johnson, of that city, for Secretary of State on the ticket next fall. There is a strong effort being made by the Scandinavian press of the Northwest, to insure his success this year. Colonel Johnson is a thorough Republican and is entitled to the confidence of the party of which he is a stalwart member. If there is to be any change in the State ticket this year, there is no one in the State who would be more entitled to the confidence and support of the Republican party than Colonel Johnson. He is an excellent business man, thoroughly honest, and will fill with credit any position he may be called to fill.

It appears to be more evident than ever that the prohibitory amendment to the constitution will not be passed at this session of the Legislature. The temperance people are not agreed as to the course to be pursued in regard to the proposed amendment. They are agreed that something should be done to suppress intemperance, but they differ widely as to the means that should be employed to accomplish this end. Some are opposed to the amendment because they have no faith that prohibition will lessen drunkenness or decrease criminal litigation. The experience in Maine and Massachusetts is not such as to give the warmest friends of the temperance movement very much encouragement that any great amount of permanent good can come of a prohibitory law, and therefore very many of the most earnest temperance workers are in a doubtful state of mind in regard to the proposed amendment. With this feeling prevailing to a considerable extent in different parts of the State, and with widely different views on the subject among those who are in the Legislature, it is hardly probable that the amendment will pass. The anti-treating bill, however, seems to have some prospects of becoming a law.

One of the most prominent female figures in the political as well as the social circles of Washington, is Mrs. General John A. Logan. When she has a mind to be, she is a power in politics, and at all times her influence is largely felt in Washington society. These facts have created considerable talk in Washington in connection with a cheap temperance novel written by that prolific and frequently injudicious writer, T. S. Arthur. Mrs. Logan is referred to in this temperance novel in a way which does no credit to the author, and which does her great injustice. The title of the book is "Danger," and in it the sad work of intemperance upon the young husband is forcibly described. Then Mrs. Logan is charged with being the first one to lead this young husband to drinking, and finally he gets into the station house, which causes the death of a young and beautiful wife, and at last his own death. Washington society is becoming worked up over the discovery of the inexcusable blunder Arthur has made. Mrs. Logan is one of the most prominent advocates of abstinence in Washington. She never drinks wine of any kind, and uses her influence to lessen drinking at the fashionable dinners in Washington. It is said that Mrs. Logan has never drank a glass of wine, and when President Grant gave the dinner to Prince Arthur she was the only person at the table who refused to take wine; and when one of the cabinet officers gave a dinner Mrs. Logan was the only lady among twenty-five who took no wine. In view of these facts the pretended temperance novel of T. S. Arthur is being severely condemned in Washington. It is too glaringly false to escape condemnation.

NEARLY DESTROYED.

Special to the Gazette.

NORFOLK, Feb. 24.—Nearly the whole of the business portion of Edentown, North Carolina, was burned yesterday by an incendiary fire.

THH DEATH OF MATT. H. CARPENTER.

The Honorable Matt. H. Carpenter, United States Senator from Wisconsin, a lawyer of national fame, a man of almost matchless genius, and an orator second to none in the nation, died at Washington this forenoon at ten o'clock, of Bright's disease of the kidneys. For several months Senator Carpenter had been out of health, and during a greater portion of that time had been unable to attend to either his senatorial or his professional duties. The best medical skill in the country was secured, but all efforts to administer relief failed. He gradually grew worse until death came as announced in our Washington dispatches this afternoon.

Matthew H. Carpenter was born in Moretown, Washington county, Vermont, December 22d, 1824, on the very day Daniel Webster delivered his famous oration on Plymouth Rock, in commemoration of the leading of the Pilgrims. His mother died when he was eleven years old, when he went to live with the family of Hon. Paul Dillingham, at Waterbury, Vermont, who afterwards became Governor of that State. In 1843 he was selected as a cadet to West Point, but in 1845 he was compelled to resign on account of ill-health. He then entered the law office of Governor Dillingham, and was admitted to the bar in 1847. In the spring of that year he went to Boston and entered the office of that brilliant lawyer and great orator, Rufus Choate, and the next year was admitted to the Supreme Court of Massachusetts. Mr. Choate treated him as if he were his own son, and took more than ordinary pains to instruct him in the most intricate matters of the law. When Mr. Carpenter was admitted to the bar of the Supreme Court, Mr. Choate not only aided him but he gave him a purse of money with which to start for himself in the West. He came to Beloit and began the practice of the law with $3.50 in his pocket. He had been in Beloit but one month when he was attacked with inflammation of the eyes. He was compelled to quit study and practice, and went to New York to an eye infirmary, and about one year of that time he was almost totally blind. During the three years he was under treatment, Rufus Choote gave him money to pay all his expenses, and when he recovered, the hand of that famous lawyer did not withhold the necessary money to take young Carpenter to Beloit where he resumed study and practice.

In 1852, Mr. Carpenter was elected district attorney for Rock county, and from that time to 1858, when he removed to Milwaukee, his practice grew immensely, and he became one of the brightest and most successful lawyers in the State. After joining the Milwaukee bar, he took rank with the foremost lawyers in the Northwest, and as an advocate he had no superior in all the West. In politics he was a Democrat until the flag was assaulted at Fort Sumter. From that time on, he spoke in defense of the Union. His audiences contained thousands who were electrified by his brilliant eloquence. At one time in 1861, there was trouble in Watertown over the effort to raise a company for the war. Serious results were threatened. Carpen was telegraphed for, and he responded at once by taking the first train, and when he arrived in the evening, he spoke from a dry goods box on the street to a crowd of five thousand, and before daylight the company was filled.

In 1869 Mr. Carpenter was elected to the United States Senate to fill the place of James R. Doolittle, and served six years but he was defeated for re-election in 1875 by the bolt of a dozen Republicans. He was a candidate for the Senate in 1879, as against Mr. Howe and Colonel Keyes, and was elected for the term of six years.

Mr. Carpenter was married to a daughter of Governor Dillingham, who with a daughter and one son survive him. He has also a brother living in Janesville—Mr. Ed. F Carpenter, and one residing at Deadwood.

The death of Senator Carpenter is a national loss. He was a man of great genius, and in literature and in law, he took rank with the ablest men of the country, No lawyer of the present time had more important cases before the Supreme Court of the United States than he, and the Senate does not contain a more brilliant orator or ready, sharp, and witty debater than the Senator from Wisconsin who has so untimely closed his career. He had a dash and brilliancy about him that challenged admiration, and that made the Webster of the Senate. In scholarship he was ripe, in constitutional law almost peerless, and in statesmanship and honor, he stood first among the Senators of the Union.

BRAGG AND BLACKBURN.

An Interesting Encounter Between These Two Democrats.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—There was a very spirited encounter between General Bragg, of Wisconsin, and Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, during the debate on the sundry civil bill, in the House of Representatives. The former opposed and the latter supported an appropriation of $20,000 to purchase the private papers of two deceased confederate generals, and each charged the other with mis-statements. Finally Blackburn, with true southern bravado announced that he was always personally responsible for his remarks. General Bragg did not collapse with fright, or anything of that sort, but replied, very quietly, and with unmistakable meaning, "Doubtless so, and so am I," and proceeded to impress upon the Kentuckian that no man should deter him from saying, in his representative capacity, what he deemed the interests of his constituents required him to say. There were no further interruptions from Blackburn, and no more talk about personal responsibility.

CARPENTER IS DEAD

And the Fight Has Commenced for His Mantle.

A List of the Candidates as Announced in Madison.

Both Houses of the State Legislature Adjourn without Doing Any Business.

On Re-assembling They Will Make Arrangements for Carpenter's Funeral.

An Interesting Encounter Between Bragg and Blackburn.

Nothing Yet Sure About Any Cabinet Ministers.

Edentown, North Carolina, Nearly Destroyed by Fire.

Eight Persons Burned to Death in a Fire at East Liverpool.

Other Interesting State and Miscellaneous News Items.

OBITUARY.

Carpenter—Cooke—Berkeley.

Special to the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Senator Matthew H. Carpenter, of Wisconsin, died at his residence here at 10 o'clock A. M., of Bright's disease of the kidneys, aged 57.

Henry D. Cooke, formerly Governor of the District of Columbia, died at 8:30 this morning, in Georgetown, of Bright's disease. He was a member of the firm of Jay Cooke & Co.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—George Berkeley, the well-known author, and brother of Earl Berkeley, is dead.

FROM MADISON.

The News of Carpenter's Death in the Legislature—The Strife for His Mantle.

Special to the Gazette

MADISON, Feb. 24.—The news of the death of Senator Carpenter was received here just as the two Houses of the Legislature were called to order, and the reception of it cast a gloom all over the Capital. Feeling prayers were offered in each branch, and the roll was called by the clerks in a low voice, Senators and assemblymen answering to their names in hushed voices. Both branches immediately adjourned, the Senate until evening, and the Assembly until to-morrow morning, out of respect to the illustrious dead, when appropriate measures will be taken in regard to the funeral.

Already canvassing has commenced, looking to fill the position of United States Senator. Candidates will be as plenty as blackberries in summer. It is understood that the Milwaukee ring will throw their influence for Senator Cameron, and it is believed that the Sawyer men will catch on to that loaded wagon; Keyes will have many friends that can't be run by the new regency; Colby, of Milwaukee, is prominently mentioned; Senator Price has quite a following; six senators having voluntarily pledged him their support The prospects are that it will prolong the session a couple of weeks and the close of the legislature will reach into the middle of April.

GLADSTONE.

Special to the Gazette.

LONDON, Feb. 24.—Gladstone while returning last night from a call on the Prince of Wales, and while alighting from his carriage, slipped and fell backward, his head striking the step. He was unconscious for a time, but is slightly better to-day. Brain fever is feared.

CABINET GOSSIP.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 23.—The Evening Star says: "It is now stated that Senator Blaine will not resign until March 4. His original intention had been to mail his resignation to the Governor of Maine last Saturday night. This change of plan is explained by one of his friends, who says: 'The Senator does not want to place himself in a position to be retired to private life. Such a cabinet may be formed by General Garfield that Senator Blaine might not be disposed to go into it." The settlement of the Senatorial complication in Pennsylvania now puts the eye of the cabinet quidnuncs on that State. Rumor has it that the postmaster-general will be from Pennsylvania and will either be Mr. Oliver, of Allegheny, or ex-Representative Armstrong, or Morrill. The latter figured prominently in the centennial exposition of 1876. A Republican Senator who stands high in his party said to-day, he would name three of Garfield's cabinet, and then named Robert Lincoln, Secretary of War, ex-Senator Aaron A. Sargent, of California, Secretary of the Navy, and Wayne MacVeigh, of Pennsylvania, Attorney General. Mr. Sargent was chairman of the Senate naval committee, and he devoted himself to a study of naval affairs. MacVeigh, as is well known, is a son-in-law of Simon Cameron.

Senator Logan says he has not authorized the statement that Robert Lincoln will be appointed secretary of war,—that what he said was that he had urged Lincoln's name, and hoped he would be appointed.

A HORRIBLE FATE.

Eight Persons Burned to Death.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 23.—Intelligence has been received here of a terrible conflagration at East Liverpool this morning at 1:30 o'clock by which a family of eight persons named Sloan were burned to death. About the time the flames were seen issuing from a four-story frame building owned by Frank Stewart, and occupied as a drug store, feed store, grocery and dwelling, the proprietor of the drug store, William Sloan, with his family, living in the latter portion. As soon as the flames were discovered by Mr. Sloan he awoke all, and, telling them to follow, picked up a 3-year-old daughter and started for the stairs. The flames had cut off their retreat by this time, however, and, turning to a window, he leaped out, at the same time telling his wife and children to do the same. It is supposed that, before they had time to follow his advice, they were overcome by the stifling fumes from the drug store, as no others escaped. The building burned like tinder, and, having numerous elevators to the upper floors, which opened a pathway for the flames, was soon in ruins. A search for the bodies was begun immediately, and soon all were recovered. They were charred beyond recognition, and it was only by size of the remains that the grown persons were distinguished from the children. The scene is sorrowful in extreme, and all that is left of a family of ten are the father and one daughter, whom he carried with him when he made the leap. Following is a list of those who perished: Mrs. William Sloan, aged 31 years; Luella Sloan, aged 13; Clyde Sloan, aged 12; Lizzie Sloan, aged 11; Alex Sloan, aged 9; Paul Sloan, aged 5; mother aged 18 months, and Wilbur Skeels, a brother-in-law of the unfortunate woman. The fire started in the drug store, and is supposed to have been incendiary. The loss will reach $10,000, which is fully insured.

BADGERS IN CHICAGO.

Mention of Some Who Came from Rock County—Who They Are, Where They Came From, What They are Doing, and How They Do It.

Correspondence of the Janesville Gazette.

CHICAGO, Feb. 21st, 1881.—A few weeks since I sent you a letter of pleasantries about some Rock county men in Chicago who have been successful in the professions and in business here. In casting about for material for another letter I find no poverty of that which I think will interest your readers. Rock county is somewhat known to fame because of the fact that it has reared and sent out men who have been known to fame when there or were subsequently. It has been a sort of Mecca for *great men* and some not so great. That section is one of the richest in soil and producing qualities in the West, and Janesville, the principal city, became a center of intelligence and business enterprise for southern Wisconsin, and at an early day put on metropolitan airs, and "lorded it over," all would be rivals in a manner that would have been almost as effectual in squelching rivalry, without the merit it had,—advantages of location, a wealthy, intelligent, and unusually enterprising population—as these advantages would have been had they been conceded and acknowledged. But, no matter how it was done, the fact stands out in bold relief, that Janesville is one of the foremost cities in Wisconsin in all respects. The men who settled in Janesville at an early day came from a section of country, a climate and surroundings tending to produce sturdy, hardy, intelligent, and energetic men, hence good citizens to develop and build up a new country—from northern New England, New York and Ohio. The physical characteristics and climate of a country determine, in a great measure, the character of its people. In an important sense when the skies do change, men also change. Grand scenery, waterfalls, hills, lakes, rivers, and a bracing atmosphere, produce men of a different type, from those who are born and dwell where the land is dead level and the streams are all sluggards. We associate heroes like Bruce, Wallace and Tell, with the highlands of Scotland and the mountains and lakes of Switzerland, and not with regions of country where the outline is unbroken and the horizon but a continuation of the earth. True the fall in Rock river is not as great as Niagara, nor Mount Zion as high as Fremont's Peak, but both are a decided improvement on a sluggard stream or a dead level. I was alluding, however, to the country from which the early settlers in Janesville and Rock county came. The descendents of such a population will retain the qualities which I have around as possessed by their ancestors for a time, at least, and perhaps for generations; but I hasten to make these mentions before they have degenerated to an extent that would give rise to any question as to any reliability as a journalist. Publish this letter as soon as you can, for I think it is true to-day, but no one can tell what to-morrow or the incoming administration may bring forth!

Well, I shall mention other Rock county men in this letter, and commence with

JOSEPH A. SLEEPER,

one of the most notable men Janesville has sent to Chicago. You know all about him up to the time he came to Chicago, of course, as he was one of the best known and ablest members of the bar in Wisconsin—especially Southern Wisconsin. He was, and still is, an able, reliable and far seeing counsellor; an impressive and effective advocate before a court or jury. He came to Chicago in 1862, seeking a wider field for the practice of his profession, and has devoted himself assiduously and exclusively to the law practice since that time and has been successful, and won a position which ranks him among the first and best of the brilliant and able bar of Chicago. He appears to be very little if any older than fifteen or twenty years ago, except that his hair is as white as wool. He is now a few years past sixty, though vigorous and hale. He is in partnership with

HENRY K. WHITON,

firm of Sleeper & Whiton, in the Tribune building. Mr. Whiton was equally as well known in Janesville and Wisconsin. He came here in 1865, and has not only been successful in business, but has added largely to his fortune, and the care of his property and that entrusted to his care, requires the most of his time. His uncle, the late Judge Whiton, a distinguished member of the Wisconsin Supreme Court, and thoroughly identified with the history of Wisconsin, was a part of it in more senses than one, and at the bar and on the bench ably illustrated its annals. His opinions and decisions will live as long as the jurisprudence of the State exists. Since Henry K. Whiton has been in Chicago he has attained to a high position at the bar, as an attorney, in his line of practice, and has gained the respect of the profession and the general public. He is a man without pretense, honorable, conscientious and reliable. He was born in Lorain county, Ohio, and is now past fifty years of age and well preserved, and devotes himself closely to his business. Chicago has room for all such citizens as Janesville, or Rock county, or Wisconsin has to send to us. These men bear in kind remembrance solid old Rock county.

MAJOR LUMLEY INGLEDEW,

is another Janesville and Rock county man who has been successful in Chicago, and will be remembered by his many friends who will read these lines. He is one of the men who has attained to success in a quiet and unostentatious manner; has pursued the even tenor of his way and avoided notoriety such as many have gained for a time only. He is entitled to mention in these pleasantries about Rock county men now in Chicago. The truly successful man is he who makes the most of his abilities when turned into the channel of his inclinations and native fitness, and is faithful to the principles of a true manhood, which is true of him.

He was born in Bradford, England, in 1837; his parents emigrated to Walworth county, Wisconsin, in 1845, when he was about 8 years of age. He was educated, mainly, in Milton academy and college, graduating in 1861, after which he read law in Janesville with the present Judge Conger and Harry K. Whiton, and was admitted to the bar at Madison in 1863, and was immediately thereafter commissioned by President Lincoln as commissary of subsistence with rank of captain, and was with the army of the Cumberland during the war, with the exception of nine months when he was a prisoner of war, a portion of that time in Charleston, S. C. He was one of the six hundred United States officers placed by the rebels under fire during the siege and bombardment of that city to protect the buildings, in which they were placed, from our own batteries, and remained there exposed to this danger for three months. He was promoted to the rank of major, by Lincoln, in the same branch of the service, making an honorable and creditable record all through; was mustered out of the service in October, 1865, when he came to Chicago and engaged for one year and six months as principal of bookkeeping and commercial law in Eastman's Business College, after which he engaged in the real estate and law business, and has been so engaged since. He is now at 142 Dearborn street, room nine. While in Janesville he was one of the originators and promoters of the Young Men's Literary Society, and was, as he now is in Chicago, a man of excellent habits and respected by all with whom he comes in contact. His Janesville and Rock county friends are always welcome at his home in Chicago.

WM. B. KEEP,

is the son of the late distinguished Judge John M. Keep, of Beloit, who was for many years judge of what is now the 1st circuit of Wisconsin—the southern part of the State. He was one of Wisconsin's ablest and most accomplished judges. William inherits many of his good qualities; was born in Beloit in 1850 and graduated at Beloit college in 1873, and was admitted to the bar in Chicago in 1875, and has been in practice here most of the time since, and is one of the most promising and successful young lawyers at the bar. He is alone in practice, and has the attorneyship of some large corporations and is looked upon by all who have business with him as an exceptionally good lawyer and counsellor; candid, honorable and reliable. This name will be a familiar one to your readers in Rock county as well as an honored one.

CAPTAIN CANUTE R. MATSON.

Rock county has furnished Chicago with some of its foremost men of all nationalities, including, of course, the Scandinavian. One of the most prominent Norwegians in Chicago—one who has come to the front and attained to a high position on the strength of his own merits—came from Rock county, and was educated there. I refer to Captain Canute R. Matson. He was born in Norway in 1843, and came to this country with his parents in 1848, the family settling in Walworth county and removed to Dane county in 1851. Canute had an ambition to obtain an education, and to this end attended the Albion Academy in Dane county and subsequently Milton College, and was an apt scholar and ranked among the best in his classes. He was in the latter college when the war broke out, and being descended from an ancestry which had fought for freedom and liberty, he was very naturally inclined to enlist in the Union army, which he did, as a private in Company K. 13th Wisconsin Infantry, and went to the field as a private; he was promoted to commissary sergeant in 1862; 1st lieutenant of Company G. in 1863; and was subsequently acting regimental quartermaster, and was such when mustered out in December, 1865. The history of the gallant 13th Wisconsin is familiar to your readers, and I will not detail it here. Captain Matson was among its best and bravest soldiers and officers, and left the service with an honorable and decidedly creditable record, which is recognized and acknowledged to this day.

When he left the service he came to Chicago and attended a commercial college, during the winter of 1866, when he received an appointment in the postoffice. In 1868, he was elected clerk of the police court and re-elected in 1871, having the appointment and oversight of all the deputy clerks. I should have stated above that he published the Postal Record while in the postoffice—an official paper of the department here. In 1875 he was appointed justice of the peace and reappointed in 1879. He was regarded one of the best and ablest of the justices. In 1878 he was admitted to the practice of law. Last fall his friends put his name forward as candidate for sheriff of Cook county, and he proved to be the second strongest man before the convention, but being defeated he reluctantly accepted the candidacy for coroner and was nominated by acclamation and elected by the largest majority of any one on the Republican ticket. He is now coroner, and has, in the few weeks he has served, demonstrated the possession of the executive and administrative ability requisite to this position. If history should repeat itself he will be the next sheriff of Cook county and the chances are that he will be in any event. He is one of the most prominent of the Scandinavian leaders in this city and county, and is very popular among that people as well as with all nationalities and parties. He is a man of excellent character, ability and habits, and is respected by all who know him or have business or other relations with him; and he hales from Rock county.

L. W. P.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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A. & F. SONNEBORN

is dissolved, but the business will be carried on at the old stand, corner of Main and Milwaukee-st., by Fred Sonneborn, who kindly thanks his friends for their past favors and hopes for a continuance of the same in the future, promising the public that honorable dealing and low prices still continue to be his aim. In order to make room for a large spring stock, I will sell Suits, Hats, Caps, and Gents' Furnishing goods at greatly reduced prices.

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GEO. STOCKTON.

ANCIENT TOMBS.

The Beautiful Ornaments Unearthed from Ancient Tombs Near Naples.

LAST June we were courteously invited by Baron Spinelli to pay a visit to his casino, near Cancello (a station within three-quarters of an hour from Naples), which he has made into a museum for all the valuable objects he has gathered from the crowded part of the metropolis of Suersula already excavated. Passing through fields rich in produce, and meadows crowded with young buffaloes and scented with sweet clover, we arrived at the simple old country house, which leans against an old medieval tower.

Ascending a broad staircase, lined with rows of amphoræ, we entered a suite of spacious rooms filled with cases and tables crowded with rare objects. It was difficult to believe that such a quantity and variety had been found in a piece of ground not more than about two acres in extent. We saw vases, scarabei, ornaments for the neck, bracelets, rings, brooches, on exactly the same principle as the modern safety-pin—the sheath which guards the point being, however, very long—some with several ends of threads, upon which hung a few remaining beads, still adhering; and various large ornaments, the use of which it has not yet been possible to ascertain. Some of the most splendid are the things found in the most ancient graves. They consist of articles made of bronze, particularly personal ornaments. They are all of exquisite finish of workmanship, though very primitive in their figurative decoration when it exceeds a mere straight or waving line.

Several bracelets which Baron Spinelli caused to be polished shine with a deep luster like that of red gold, and still possess their elasticity. Some were found composed for the most part of pure gold. It seems as if the *aurochalco* so praised by Pliny and others had been rediscovered. In only one place has a similar metal been found, that is, in Corinth; the celebrated mirror with the representation of Korinthos and Leukas is made of the same material. The appearance of these bracelets is, when in an oxidized condition, exactly similar to that of oxidized bronze, but the metal of the bracelets is considerably heavier. In Naples the dealers in antiquities made a good business by selling all that they possessed of a similar shape to those eager to have and wear such ornaments; but no one could change the nature of the common bronze, or give to object of a different material the beautiful luster and elasticity of those made of "Spinelli's metal," as it has been called in Naples. Among other things taken from the tombs of the first period we noticed large pieces of amber, generally perforated.

One beautiful vase, taken from one of the tufa tombs, was a Greek *lekythos*, the lower part covered with a fine shining black glaze, the upper with a coat of excessively fine white clay, upon which figures in outline were designed with exquisite delicacy. There is only one vase, found at Nola, which can compare with it, the celebrated vase with the representation of Anesidorus. Another vase which contained the ashes of some fatty substance was one from the manufactory of Hieron, the first of that make found with two names inscribed upon it, indicating that Makron, its maker, worked in Athens in the *atelier* of Hieron. It is the only one of its kind and epoch till now found at Suersula, and it would be premature to draw from its presence there any chronological conclusion. It might well be that such a vase had come into the possession in later ages of one far from the country of its manufacture. A curious object was a cup with a cover ornamented with figures, inside which was the remains of a balance in miniature; perhaps a toy. The arms and supports of the balance were of wood, well preserved; the plates were made of the two halves of a nut. The bracelets were always found in pairs, and generally still encircling the bones of the skeleton.

From the fact that fragments of linen may sometimes be seen adhering to the inner side of the ornaments, it may be inferred that when the corpse had been clothed in a kind of long-sleeved shirt, the bracelets we put on outside, so as not to be hidden by the dress. They are mostly of a spiral shape, like a serpent, and often wind several times around the arm. They are so elastic that they can be drawn out to a great length. Many rings are also spiral, and so long that they must almost have covered the finger, like the rings worn in such numbers by the Neapolitan women. No arms of bronze were found at Suersula, and few of iron—several knives and daggers and perhaps some lance-heads. The objects from the oldest and therefore most interesting period give evidence of a people little advanced in the art of design, yet well-to-do, and not only accustomed to adorn themselves with the metal ornaments brought there by Greek ships, but also to pride themselves on giving a rich trousseau to their dead on their departure from this world, and on omitting no prescribed religious rite. How strange it was, in that rural and lonely villa, to ponder on the remains of so distant an age! How vividly they reminded us that the fair country around Naples has been, ages and ages ago, peopled, devastated, and repeopled; as rich in native productions twenty-three centuries ago as now—perhaps richer. Every step taken in the *Campagna felice* is a step over graves. —*Cor. London Daily News.*

Shakespeare Revived.

TO ACHE OR NOT TO ACHE that's the question. This cheerful conundrum, ye rheumatic sufferers, is by no means as difficult as a proposition in Euclid. Try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil and you will find it just as easy not to ache as to ache. For sale by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

THE British Parliament has passed a law for the protection of wild animals; but, as "boys" are the chief enemies of wild birds, the punishment, like children's books, is adapted to their infant capacity. They are to be "reprimanded." As a general rule boys most inclined to shy a stick or chuck a stone at wild birds, are not overburdened with reverence, and the law has defined with comical exactness the conduct which shall imply that the reprimand has not been duly and dutifully received by the criminal. If, when reprimanded, he "shall, by laughing, whistling, dancing, cocking snooks, turning cart-wheels, or otherwise signify his contempt for the justices and their reprimand, it shall be lawful for the Court to require the attendance of his mother, grandmother, aunt or other female relative intrusted with the charge of him to make inquiries of them as to the way in which he has been brought up and as to where he is expected to go to." The law further defines its definitions by enacting that laughing shall include "grimacing, 'mugging' or any voluntary contortion that shall appear disrespectful to the Court;" dancing shall include "performing the 'frog hornpipe'" or "any movements of the lower limbs unaccompanied by change of place and which the Judges shall deem unnecessary to locomotion;" "cocking snooks" "shall mean 'taking a sight' or the pressing or placing of the thumb or thumbs of either hand or both hands over or against the nose and the stretching forth or extending of the fingers of such hand or hands, and shall further include any gesture indicative of contempt," and "turning cartwheels" shall "include standing on the hands or head, whether with or without the support of a wall or other perpendicular or horizontal support for the feet."

With these statutes before him, the British boy as well as the British magistrate can hardly fail to detect and comprehend those minute fractures of the British Constitution which, if not repaired in time, might end in bringing the whole thing down upon their unlucky heads. Under the ægis of such a law, not only will the wild birds find shelter, but the estates of the realm perceive new security in the painstaking conscientiousness of the British law-givers.—*Detroit Free Press.*

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

IRON is rolled so thin at the Pittsburgh (Pa.) rolling mills that 10,000 sheets are required to make a single inch in thickness. It is as flexible as tissue paper, and quite as thin.

IT would seem that the entire absence of sunlight on the deep-sea bottom has the same effect as the darkness of caves, in reducing to a rudimentary condition the eyes of its inhabitants.

INCREASED attention to the laws of health has considerably reduced the death rate in London during recent years. The chief sanitary evil of the metropolis now is an impure water supply, to secure immunity from which the health authorities are striving.

STEPHEN D. FIELD, of New York, a nephew of Cyrus W. Field, has patented an invention for applying electricity as a motive power on both surface and elevated railroads, and his patents are said to antedate all other claims. The elevated roads will test his motor and adopt it if it works successfully. The important feature in this invention is that an attachment is provided which will render collisions impossible, each train automatically preserving a safe distance from that following it. The brakes are to be operated by the same electrical currents which propel the motor.

DR. PHIPSON has proposed a new method of solving the question of a cheap household light. He has succeeded, with a comparatively feeble electric current, in perceptibly increasing the phosphorescence of certain bodies which are made faintly light by the rays of the sun. He incloses in a Geissler tube, containing a gas in more or less rarefied condition, a phosphorescent body, the sulphuret of barium, for instance. By causing a constant current of a certain intensity to pass through the tube, he obtains a uniform and an agreeable light, at an expense which he estimates to be less than that of gas-light.

MUCH attention has been directed to some new processes for producing a cheap gas by the decomposition of water, which, in the form of steam, is brought in contact with incandescent carbon. The reports made by the scientific press state that the experiments lately made in this direction in Sweden and Russia have been attended with favorable results, and various scientific authorities, some of them Government officials, declare that the gas has been employed for welding wrought iron, for smelting in crucibles, both pig-iron and steel, the effect being very satisfactory in respect to the heating power of the gas. For illumination, this kind of gas is claimed to possess some peculiar advantages. When used for this purpose, the gas is conducted through a vessel filled with cotton moistened with benzine.

A CURIOUS little book, called "The Rules of Civility," which was published in 1675, throws amusing light on the manners of our ancestors two centuries ago. "Being in discourse with a man," we read on one page, "'tis no less than ridiculous to pull him by the buttons, to play with his band-strings, belt or coat, or to punch him now and then on the stomach." Again: "It argues neglect and to under-value a man to sleep when he is discoursing or reading; therefore, good manners demand it to be forbid; besides, something may happen in the act that may offend, as snoring, sweating, gaping or dribbling." More explicit are the rules for behaving at the table: "In eating, observe to let your hands be clean. Feed not with both hands, nor keep your knife in your hands. Dip not your fingers in the sauce, nor lick them when you have done. If you have occasion to sneeze or cough, take your hat or put your napkin before your face. Drink not with your mouth full or unwiped, nor so long that you are forced to breathe in the glass." There are rules also for the drawing-room: "If a person of quality be in the company of ladies, 'tis too juvenile and light to play with them, to toss or tumble them, to kiss them by surprise, to force away their hoods, their fans, their ruffs. It is unhandsome among ladies, or any other serious company, to throw off one's cloak, to pull off one's perruke, to cut one's nails, to tie one's garter, to change shoes if they pinch, to call for one's slippers to be at ease, to sing between the teeth, or to drum with one's fingers."

A SPECIAL from Kingston, N. Y., to the St. Louis *Republican*, says: The suicide of Carrie Barton, near Rock Village, this county, on Friday, is the sequel to a romantic though melancholy history. She was the daughter of Capt Jas. Barton, at one time a leading business man of New Orleans. During the late war Capt. Barton served with distinction in the Confederate army. At the close of the war he removed to Lafayette County, Mo. Carrie grew up to be an intelligent and refined young woman. Among her admirers was Charles Thornton, a worthy young man, whose father was highly respected and wealthy. The young couple became ardently attached to each other, but Carrie's parents were adverse to his attentions, being desirous that their daughter should wed a suitor of their own selection. Carrie was determined to marry Thornton or remain single. An elopement and secret marriage was agreed upon. Two months ago they left their parental roofs, deciding to come to New York, where Carrie had relatives. At St. Louis they were married and then continued their journey East. For about six weeks the young couple stopped at the residence of Mr. P. D. Griswold, an uncle of the bride. About a week ago Thornton's money gave out and both husband and wife were afraid to communicate with their parents for fear of a storm of parental indignation. Young Thornton brooded over his troubles, and on Tuesday last left his wife, since which time nothing has been seen or heard of him. On Friday the young bride took a dose of strychnine and in less than an hour was a corpse. Her remains have been forwarded to the home of her parents.

PITH AND POINT.

A WELL-WISHER—the man who is doing the digging.—*Boston Advertiser.*

DON'T despise the lowly. The under jaw does all the work.—*Boston Transcript.*

THE man who can live on himself, like Dr. Tanner, needs no rich relations. —*New Orleans Picayune.*

WHAT this country needs is an invention to convince flies that a bald-head is not a skating rink.—*Boston Post.*

IT doesn't always pay to be meek. "You are an idiot!" angrily exclaimed a Philadelphia wife. "So my friends said when I married you," replied the husband. And she got twice as mad.—*Philadelphia Chronicle-Herald.*

WHEN a tramp calls at your house and asks for something to eat, supplementing his request with the remark that he "hasn't tasted food for nearly two days," give him a paper containing an account of Dr. Tanner's fast.—*Norristown Herald.*

THE Detroit *Free Press* says the sharks around Coney Island refuse to nibble at any of the skinny-legged bathers, but are waiting for Western folks to arrive. The sharks must like their man tough, with fever and ague sauce. —*New York Commercial Advertiser.*

MRS. LUCY HOOPER writes from Paris that "the Longchamps rain prevented the exhibition of two gowns, one of Mechlin and the other of Valenciennes lace, which cost respectively $2,000 and $1,500." Paris, as well as Ireland, is having more than her share of misery and suffering. The owners of the gowns are no doubt heart-broken and can never smile again.—*Norristown Herald.*

WE have endured with commendable patience the appalling phantom of the young man who wears two watches; with Christian resignation and patience we have borne with the young man who wears his watch in the outside pocket of his coat; but when we meet the elegant youth who wears his embroidered socks outside his slippers to show the monogram on the toes, there is going to be bloodshed, and don't you forget to remember it.—*Hawkeye.*

IT is a remarkable fact that, upon entering a restaurant, your order for baked beans with plenty of pork is sure to be taken by a burly waiter, with the lungs of a Stentor, who bawls it through the room with startling distinctness; while your dignified order for roast turkey, second joint, with cranberry sauce, is just as sure to be taken by an insignificant apology-for-a-man, with a consumptive cough, who has just force enough to repeat the order at the delivery window in a voice scarcely intelligible to the head waiter in the kitchen.—*Boston Journal of Commerce.*

IN some portions of the maritime provinces diphtheria has prevailed to an alarming extent during the past few years. The cause may be found in the lack of sanitary regulations. The St. John *Telegraph* says: "In the smaller towns there are no sewers, often there are no gutters to the streets, and little or no attention has been given to surface drainage. The streets are often filthy, but they are really the cleanest part of the village. Any one who has taken up his abode for a week or a fortnight in one of these villages which are just outside of the line of sanitary improvements will find it hard to escape many unpleasant impressions. The water from wells is flat and insipid, having the unmistakable taint of saturated soil. The surroundings are simply abominable." Fortunately, the people are at length becoming aroused, and are organizing voluntary sanitary associations. Increased attention is also, we are glad to observe, being bestowed on sanitary matters by City Commissioner Coatsworth, and no better measures can be adopted than the purification of the city for protecting it against diphtheria and like diseases.—*Toronto Mail.*

The following amusing examination recently occurred in a court-room in one of the Blue Grass counties of Kentucky. General H——, a prominent lawyer of that region, was defending a prisoner charged with horse-stealing, and the witness was swearing as to the identity of the stolen horse.

General H.—"How do you know this is the same horse?"

Witness (*hesitating*).—"Well, I just know it is."

General H.—"Well, how?"

Witness.—"I can't tell exactly how; but I know it as well as I know you, General H——."

General H.—"Well, how do you know that I am General H——?"

Witness.—"Because, just before dinner, I heard Mr. C—— say, 'General H——, let's go and take a drink,' and you went."

The identity was satisfactory to the Blue Grass jury.—*Harper's Drawer.*

A SURGEON in the German army calls the attention of all who have to do with horses to the danger of using the pocket-hankerchief to wipe away any foam from the mouth or nose of a horse which may have been thrown upon their clothes. Some months ago, the writer states, an officer came to him suffering from an obstinate cold and cough. The usual remedies were prescribed, but in vain; a visit to the baths at Reichenhali also did the patient no good. Returning to duty, the officer became worse; fever, attended with great pain in and swelling of the head, set in, and ultimately, after much suffering, he died with every symptom of glanders. Inquiries were set on foot, and it was found that some time before he was taken ill he had ordered a horse which he believed was suffering from glanders to be shot. Neither the groom nor any of the other soldiers who had been near the horse have been attacked by glanders, and consequently it is suspected that the officer who died may have conveyed the disease into his system by perhaps using his handkerchief to wipe some of the foam from the mouth or nose of the horse from his uniform.

WHILE some workmen were engaged in quarrying at Grayson Springs, Ky., they struck a vein of hot water which commenced flowing—it is estimated—at the rate of ninety barrels per day. It flows at intervals of about forty minutes, and the steam escapes with terrific force; the noise can be heard for at least a half mile distant. It is thought that the waters possess medicinal properties, and a sample has been sent to your city for analysis. It is proposed to utilize the steam as a motor to run the machinery of a large flouring mill situated at this point. This is, indeed, a singular as well as an important discovery.—*Cor. Cin. Gazette.*

Personal.—Mr. Isaac B. Hasbuck, of Skanateles, N. Y., writes: I have been troubled with bronchitis for years, and Thomas' Eclectric Oil is the only medicine that would ever take effect; one dollar's worth has entirely me. I have used it for several other afflictions, and have always found it to have the best results. After once using the Eclectric Oil, no one will be without it. It is more fully described in regular advertisements; see another column. Sold by A. J. Roberts, and Croft & Sherer.

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS—At the very lowest rates at the GAZETTE OFFICE

YOU WILL FIND AT

E. V. WHITON & CO.'S,

Corner Milwaukee and Jackson Sts., Cannon's Block,

Every conceivable article kept by druggists, including Toilet Goods, Handkerchief Extracts, Cologne, all the Patent Medicines advertised, Liquors for Medicinal use. Combs, Brushes, Cigars, Tobaccos, etc. Our drugs and chemicals we select with the greatest care and get the freshest and purest in the market, and sell them at moderate prices.

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WEBB & HALL,

Invite You to Call and Examine the New Patterns of

Fine Jewelry and Silver-Ware,

JUST RECEIVED FOR THE

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Insurance and Real Estate!

ORIGINAL HEADQUARTERS.

Established in 1858.

Represents the Oldest, Strongest and Safest Fire Insurance Companies in America and England.

Losses Fairly and Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

To Business Men and all other Property Owners, we desire to say, that we can give you the Solid Old Companies at best rates.

Janesville, Wis., October 22d, 1880.

DIMOCK & HAYNER, Agents.
aug30d1y

THIS NEW AND CORRECT MAP

Proves beyond any reasonable question that the

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN R'Y

Is by all odds the best road for you to take when traveling in either direction between Chicago and all of the Principal Points in the West, North and Northwest.

Carefully examine this Map. The Principal Cities of the West and Northwest are Stations on this road. Its through trains make close connections with the trains of all railroads at junction points.

THE CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY,

Over all of its principal lines, runs each way daily from two to four or more Fast Express Trains. It is the only road west of Chicago that uses the

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS.

It is the only road that runs Pullman Sleeping Cars North or Northwest of Chicago. It has nearly *3,000 MILES OF ROAD.* It forms the following Trunk Lines: "Council Bluffs, Denver & California Line." "Winona, Minnesota & Central Dakota Line." "Sioux City, Nor. Nebraska & Yankton Line." "Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis Line. "Nor. Illinois, Freeport & Dubuque Line." "Milwaukee, Green Bay & Lake Superior Line." Tickets over this road are sold by all Coupon Ticket Agents in the United States and Canadas.

Remember to ask for Tickets via this road, be sure they read over it, and take none other.

MARVIN HUGHITT, Gen'l Manager, Chicago. W. H. STENNETT, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.

USE

TOLU ROCK AND RYE

TRADE MARK

THE GREAT AND

Appetizer--Sure Cure

For COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, and all Diseases of the THROAT and LUNGS,

The most acceptable preparation in the known world. By adding to TOLU ROCK and RYE a little **Lemon juice**, you have an **excellent Appetizer** and **Tonic**, for general and family use. The immense and increasing sales and the numerous testimonials received daily are the best evidences of its virtues and popularity.

Put up in QUART size Bottles, giving MORE for the money than any article in the market.

CAUTION.-- DON'T BE DECEIVED by unprincipled dealers who try to palm off upon you common Rock and Rye in place of our TOLU ROCK AND RYE, which is the only MEDICATED article made, the **GENUINE** having a **GOVERNMENT STAMP** on each bottle.

Extract from Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., January 26, 1880.

Messrs. LAWRENCE & MARTIN, 111 Madison St., Chicago, Ills:

GENTLEMEN:—This compound, in the opinion of this office, would have a sufficient quantity of the BALSAM OF TOLU to give it all the advantages ascribed to this article in pectoral complaints, while the whisky and the syrup constitute an emulsion rendering it an agreeable remedy to the patient. Compounded according to the formula, it may properly be classed as a **medicinal preparation** under the provisions of U. S. Revised Statutes, and when so stamped, may be sold by Druggists, Apothecaries and Other Persons without rendering them liable to pay special tax as liquor dealers.

Yours Respectfully,
(Signed) GREEN B. RAUM, Commissioner.

LAWRENCE & MARTIN, Proprietors, Chicago, Ills.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS, GROCERS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

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First Class FURNITURE!

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64 West Milwaukee Street, near Express Office.

HOLIDAY GOODS

Picture Frames, Trunks, Feathers, Ect.

REPAIRING PROMPTLY AND NEATLY DONE.

Also a Full Stock of Coffins, Caskets, and all goods in the Undertaker's line. Personal attention given to Funerals. Full Stock. Bottom Prices.

L. B. CUTTING W. G. PALMER
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TAX SALE.

Tax Sale for City Taxes.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Treasurer of the city of Janesville, will sell so much of the lots, parts of lots, pieces, or parcels of land hereinafter described as may be necessary, for the amount of taxes, costs and charges that is due upon each lot, part of lot, piece or parcel of land, hereinafter described respectively, for the city taxes, costs and charges for the year 1880, that the said sale will take place at the office of the undersigned, in the city of Janesville, on the 28th day of February, A. D., 1881, that the same will be open at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said last mentioned day, and continue until all of said lots, parts of lots, pieces and parcels of land, are sold respectively.

J. M. HASELTON,
City Treasurer.

Janesville, Wis., February 4, 1881.

FARMING LANDS—FIRST WARD.

	Am't.
J. Maurice Smith, undivided ¾ of lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, of the Janesville Water power lots, in government lot 1, Section 36, T3, R12, bd n by Janesville Cotton Man'fg. Co's. lots, e by Rock river, s by Geo. Barnes' lots, w by race	15.96
J. Maurice Smith, lots 21&22 of the Janesville water power lots in government lot 1, Sec. 36, T3, R12, bd n by O. B. Ford's mill lot, e by Rock river, s by Janesville Cotton Man'fg. Co's. lots, w by race	5.50
Mary C. Smith, undivided ⅓ of that part of lots 1, 2, and s½ 3, of the Janesville water power lots, in government lot 2, Section 36, T3, R12, commencing at a point 69½ ft n'ly from Milwaukee street, running thence n'ly on the e'ly line of Britton & Kimball's lot, and on the w'ly line of the alley, 80¼ feet, thence e'ly and parallel with the n'ly line of said Milwaukee St., 91½ feet, thence s'ly and parallel with the first described line, 80¼ feet, thence w'ly and along the n'ly line of the Post Office building, 91½ feet to the place of beginning	75.90
Mary C. Smith, undivided ⅓ of 22 feet front on W. Milwaukee street, 69½ feet deep in lot 1, of the Janesville water power lots, in government lot 2, Section 36, T3, R12, between the Post Office building and the Bunster store lot, known as King's Bookstore, and the Recorder office	23.16

Mitchell's Addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Bl'k.	Am't.
M. W. Sheafe's estate, nw¼	6		22.01
S. G. Williams' estate, w½	19		12.71
Joseph Randall's estate, n½, ne¼	21		5.99
Laura Dimock, s½, se¼	26		8.23

Mitchell's Second Addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
M. L. Washington, n 4 rods, ne¼	39		6.75
F. Jones, n½, ne¼	41		4.13
F. H. Bailey, n½, nw¼	47		1.58
Charles M. Peters, s½, nw¼	48		6.75
M. S. Ryckman, e½, w½	52		4.52
P. J. Flannegan, s½, w½, e½	52		8.23
J. H. Earnest	71&72		4.77
J. B. Wade	73		2.64

Mitchell's Subdivision of Lot 16, Mitchell's Addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Annette Godfrey, s½	16		8.98

Smith & Bailey's Addition to Janesville,

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
O. Brooks,	8		23.17
Michael Farrell,	52		11.96
C. W. McHenry's estate	97		11.22

Smith, Bailey & Stone's Addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Mrs. A. DeBaun, w½ el-11	87 / 147		15.70
Mrs. E. E. Joslyn, part of bd n by Lowell's land, e by Durand's land, s by McDougal's and Dickerman's land, w by Academy street	179		15.70
G. O. McDougal, 4 rods on Race street in by 4 rods deep, e of and adjoining Mrs. Dickerman's lot	179		5.99

FARMING LANDS—SECOND WARD.

	S.	T.	R.	A.	Am't.
B. M. Rose, s 30 rods, w¼, se¼, ne¼	25	3	12	3¾	6.10
B. M. Rose s 20 rods, n 50 rods, w 15 rods, se¼, ne¼	25	3	12	2	1.55
Mrs. E. A. Plimpton, w 9 rods, s 30 rods, e½, se¼, ne¼	25	3	12	1¾	3.06
John R. Bennett, in se¼, ne¼, bd n by Prichard's land, e by Milton avenue, s by St. Mary's avenue, w by Richardson's land	25	3	12	4	25.16
D. D. Bennett, in nw ¼, bd n by proposed road, e by Schnell's land, s by Jenkins' land, w by Milton avenue	30	3	13	3	8.40
J. W. Bates, in se¼, se¼, bd n by Harmony street, e by Doe's land, s by Milwaukee road, w by Moon & Williams' land, except Bowen's and Fitzgerald's lots	25	3	12	.2	6.87
Hiram Bowen, in se¼ se¼, being 7 rods on Milwaukee road, bd n&e by Bates' land, w by Bates' and Hazlett's land	25	3	12		3.06
A. P. Burrus, in bd ne'ly by Patterson's land, se'ly by Milwaukee road, and w'ly by Milton avenue	36	3	12		28.19
Mrs. M. S. Prichard, in se¼ ne¼, bd n by Leavitt's land, e by Milton avenue, s by Bennett's land, w by Downs' land	25	3	12	3½	21.10

ORIGINAL PLAT—VILLAGE OF JANESVILLE.

	Lots.	Bl'k.	Am't.
A. C. Brtes, s'ly ⅓		7	61.71
Jerry Bates, w'ly 20 ft, e'ly 40 ft	5	34	9.91
J. B. Proper's estate	1	38	15.65
A. McAlpin, n'ly 22 ft, s'ly 112 ft		42	9.91
A. C. Bates, s'ly 20 ft, and a strip of land 14 ft wide, s of and adjoining said block 42		42	77.17
A. C. Bates, s'ly 48 feet, n'ly 61 feet	2	43	99.80

J. Maurice Smith subdivision of blocks 22 and 58, original plat, village of Janesville, and lots 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, & 20 Hickory Glen.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
J. Maurice Smith	1&2		28.33
J. Maurice Smith	6		1.54
J. Maurice Smith	7		1.54
J. Maurice Smith	10		1.54
J. Maurice Smith	11		1.54

Pease's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Patrick Kelly e4 rods and 2 rods wide e of and adjoining the same	40		3.05

Pease's 2d addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Ezra Miller	122		2.29
A. A. Gifford	157		3.82
Catherine Adams	172		3.82

Partridge's subdivision of lot 5, Pease's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
M. S. Prichard, sw½	7		1.16

FARMING LANDS, THIRD WARD.

	S.	T.	R.	A.	Am't.
N. E. Hawley in sw¼ bd n by De Groat's land, e by Bowerman's land, s by Ruger avenue, w by May's addition	30	3	13	2	8.19
N. Crotzenburg, in se¼ se¼ bd n by Milwaukee road, e by Taylor's land, s&w by Bates & Connell's addition	25	3	12		8.19
John Riorden, 8 rods square in the n½, s½ sw¼ known as lots 3 and 4, block 1 Wheeler's addition	31	3	13		1.88

Original plat village of Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't
Magner & Thomas n'ly 8-11	2	1	2.27
Delford Patten s'ly 8 rods	4	2	20.05
Elizabeth Fenton s'ly ⅓	2	31	1.53
John Gates' estate	8	32	12.64
Ernesteen Hofmeister	1	50	18.55

Clark & Withrow's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't
H. S. Shelton	4	2	3.37
H. S. Shelton	5	2	3.37

Jackman & Smith's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't
D. H. Babbitt	9&10	1	6.95

Bates & Connell's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't
J. W. Bates	6&7		5.48
J. W. Bates	13&14		10.61
J. W. Bates	15, 16&19		4.23

FARMING LANDS, FOURTH WARD.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Mrs. E. Hofmeister, lot 1, sec. 1, town 2, range 12, 12 acres except east 2 acres			15.89

Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Adam Wilson s'ly⅛	4		34.01
Wm. Monroe s½	58		6.80
O. E. Shelton	130&131		16.13

Doe's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
H. S. Shelton except part owned by the State	1		15.88

Palmer & Sutherland's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
H. S. Shelton	2	1	6.93
C. C. Cheney	5	19	9.83

ROCKPORT.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Harvey Prentice	1	5	14.27
Frank Blanchard	10	6	8.33
B. Gulbrandson s ½, n 3-5 of unnumbered lot west side		11	4.57

Railroad addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Chas. Gokey	38	6	3.80

FIFTH WARD.

Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Michael Farrell e'ly⅓, w'ly⅓ e'ly⅓ w'ly⅓ n'ly 10ft	105 / 107		48.72
Adam Wilson w'ly⅓ except Mrs. Watson's lot	176		21.45

Palmer's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Wm. B. Woodford	7, 8, 13&14	1	5.90
Elizabeth Hayes	1	3	3.95

TAX SALE.—Continued.

Subdivision of lot 175 in Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Geo. Van Campen	18		18.25

Millimore's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
J. G. Scofield	62&63		1.83
H. Knoff	90		1.58
Wm. Knoff	91&92		1.83
Wm. Knoff	104		7.90

Smith's addition to Janesville.

	Lots.	Blk.	Am't.
Catharine Hawkins	1	7	1.08
Morris Welch	8, 9, 10&11	7	3.06
Bridget Nolan	16	8	1.00
Albert Selleck	3	17	3.95
Morris Welch except railway land	7	21	1.17
Maurice Smith	1	42	8.71

R. W. KING'S BOOK STORE

AND

NEWS Depot!

SCHOOL, BLANK & POCKET

BOOKS!

VIOLIN STRINGS, BRIDGES, HARMONICAS!

Papers, Envelopes, Inks, Pens, Slates, &c., &c. at Bottom Prices.

Next Door to Post Office

sep11dly

SPECALTIES!

SPECIALTIE$

AT

ROBERTS' DRUG STORE.

Brush and Comb Cases, Dressing Cases, Cologne Bottles, Colognes and Extracts for the Handkerchie, Chamois-skins, Hair, Nail and Tooth Brushes, Toilet Soaps, Prepared Bird-Seed, Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Chamois-skin Jackets

COR. MAIN and MILWAUKEE ST'S
dec4dly

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!

NEW QUARTERS

TRULSON & PETERSON

Take pleasure in informing their numerous customers and friends that they have removed their Mammoth Stock of

Boots AND Shoes

From the Myers House block to the F. S. Eldred Store, corner of West Milwaukee and River Sts., near First National Bank, where they will be pleased to see all old and as many new customers as will favor them with a call, assuring all that they will sell in the future, as in the past

GOOD GOODS

AT

SATISFACTORY PRICES!

P. S.—We will make a Special Sale of Old Style of Boots and Shoes at much less than cost. We make Boots and Shoes to order as usual.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

TRULSON & PETERSON.

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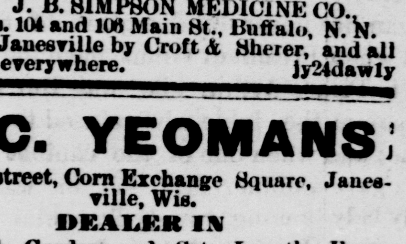
INSTANTANEOUS INVIGORATOR. The great Restorative of GENERATIVE POWER—sure and safe. Removes nervous timidity, impotency, and sexual debility, and restores the energy, fire and vigor of youth in twenty minutes. Price, $1.00. Address the NEW ENGLAND MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 24 Tremont Row, Boston, Mass.

je29dawly

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

It is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Mental Anxiety Loss of Memory, Pains in Back or Side, and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success. Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars.



Price, Specific, $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Address all orders to J. B. SIMPSON MEDICINE CO., Nos. 104 and 106 Main St., Buffalo, N. N. Sold in Janesville by Croft & Sherer, and all druggists everywhere.

jy24dawly

R. C. YEOMANS,

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janesville, Wis.

DEALER IN

Wind-Mill, Garden and Set Length Force Pumps, Pipe, Fittings, Drive Points, Deep and Shallow Well Cylinders,

Gas and Steam Fitting Goods!

Globe and other Valves, Engine Trimmings, Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Packing, &c.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting a Specialty.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates given and Contracts Taken on Work at a Distance. All work Personally Attended to.

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JANESVILLE BUSINESS DIRECTORY!

CARRIAGE PAINTING

J. B. LAGRANGE

Would respectfully call attention to his extensive Painting Rooms on Bluff Street, in the rear of Hodge & Buchholz' shop, where he is prepared to do first class Carriage and Artistic Painting of a superior workmanship Give him a call. jan28dawly

HARNESS, BLANKETS, Etc.

JAMES A. FATHERS,

(SUCCESSOR TO CHAS. H. PAYNE.)

Cor. Court and Main St., - - Janesville, Wis.

Manufacturer and dealer in Light and Heavy Harness, Saddles, Collars, Bridles, Whips, Brushes, Combs, etc., etc. Also a good assortment of Trunks, Valises and Ladies' Satchels. The best kind of Harness Oils always on hand. Give me a call. A good square deal guaranteed. Try my Carriage Top Varnish; it makes old tops as bright as when new.

WM. SADDLER,

EAST MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE

(Opera House Block.)

A Large Stock of First Class Harness and Trunks on Hand at Bottom Prices.

GAS AND STEAM FITTING.

GEO. T. PRICHARD & CO.

NO. 27, MYERS' HOUSE BLOCK, JANESVILLE

Gas, Steam and Water Pipe Fitting. Dealers in Pumps and Cylinders, Gas Fixtures, Pipe, Rubber Hose, and all kinds of Fittings for Gas, Steam and Water Works. All work in the above line done on reasonable terms. aug20dawly

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Q. O. SUTHERLAND, M. D.,

Homœpathic Physician and Surgeon,

Office and Residence No. 3 Franklin Street, (Opposite Cora Exchange.)

HOURS—7 to 9 A. M.; 12 to 2:30 and 5 to 7 P. M

MYERS HOUSE LIVERY.

C. W. JACKMAN, Proprietor.

EAST MILWAUKEE St. - JANESVILLE

Myers' New Barn.

Hearse and Carriages for Funerals Specialty.

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTING.

HOLM & KENT,

House, Sign & Ornamental Painters.

Frescoing, Graining, and Paper Hanging, specialties. Refers by permission to Messrs. Wm. Cannon, David Jeffries, B. F. Crossett, Frank Cook, Dr. Geo. H. McCausey, and E. V. Whiton & Co. Shop over Chas. Dutton's grocery, West Milwaukee Street. Leave orders with E. V. Whiton & Co. jan15dawly

H. H. BLANCHARD'S

Law, Collection, Real Estate and Loan Office.

Regular Office Hours 9 A. M. to 12 M ; 7:30 P. M. to, 10 o'clock P. M.

Wanted for collection all notes, bills, accounts and judgments considered good, bad or indifferent, and for foreclosure all mortgages due or past due at his office, on Mai Street, over M. C. Smith & Son's Clothing Store, Janesville, Wisconsin. All business intrusted to his care will be promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed.

INSURANCE.

JOHN G. SAXE

Represents Sixteen of the Most Substantial Fire Insurance Companies of Europe and the United States.

Also Agent for the Ætna Life and the Mutual Protection Association of Wisconsin, the most reliable Insurance Association in the West. Has farms in Rock county and elsewhere to exchange for city property, and money to loan.

HAIR GOODS.

MRS. WM. SADDLER,

EAST MILWAUKEE ST., - JANESVILLE,

(Opera House Block.)

Manufacturer and Dealer in Ladies' Hair Nets and all Kinds of Human Hair Goods.

MISCELLANEOUS

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

HOSTETTER'S

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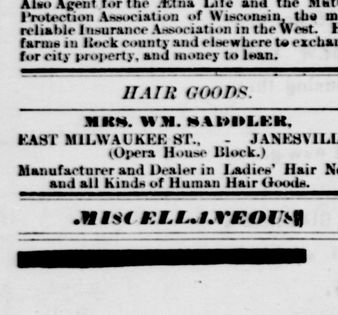

STOMACH BITTERS

No Time Should be Lost

If the stomach, liver and bowels are affected, to adopt the sure remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Diseases of the organs named beget others far more serious, and a delay is therefore hazardous. Dyspepsia, liver complaint, chills and fever, early rheumatic twinges, kidney weakness, bring serious bodily trouble if trifled with. Lose no time in using this effective, safe and long known medicine.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

For Sale!

At Gazette Counting Room,

At a BARGAIN,

A NEW IMPROVED

HOWE SEWING MACHINE

Call and see it.

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THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY FEBRUARY 24.

Post-Office---Summer Time Table.

The mails arrive at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Chicago and Way	1:20 P. M.
Madison and Milwaukee	7:00 A. M.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton and Watertown Junctions	7:00 A. M.
Green Bay and Way	2:25 P. M.
Monroe and Way	9:00 A. M.
Madison and Way	1:50 P. M.
Milwaukee and Way	5:00 P. M.

OVER-LAND MAILS ARRIVE.

Center and Leyden, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 M.
Emerald Grove, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays by	12:00 M.
East Troy, via Johnstown, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays by	12:00 M.
Beloit stage	11:30 A. M.

Mails close at the Janesville Post Office as follows:

Madison and Milwaukee	8:00 P. M.
Chicago Through, Night via Milton Junction also Milton	8:00 P. M.
Chicago and Way	2:00 P. M.
All points East, West and South of Chicago	2:00 P. M.
All points East, West and South of Chicago via Milton Junction	8:00 P. M.
Green Bay and Way, including Minnesota, Northern Michigan and Northern Iowa	1:10 P. M.
Milwaukee and Way	11:50 A. M.
West, Madison, via M. & P. du C. R. W., including Northern Iowa	3:20 P. M.
Monroe, Brodhead and Way	7:15 P. M.
Rockford, Freeport and Way	2:00 P. M.

OVER-LAND MAILS CLOSE.

Beloit stage by	4:00 P. M.
Center and Leyden, Tuesdyas, Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 P. M.
East Troy, via Rock Prairie, Johnstown Center, Johnstown, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	3:30 A. M.
Richmond, daily at	3:30
Emerald Grove and Fairfield, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at	2:00 P. M.

POST-OFFICE HOURS

Daily from 8:00 A. M. to 8:00 P. M. On Sundays from 12:00 to 1:00 P. M. Money order and Registered Letter Department open from 8:00 A. M. to 12:00 M., and from 1:00 to 5:00 p. m., except during the distribution of the mails. Stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards and Wrappers for sale at East front wicket from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M. Orders for stamped envelopes with return card printed thereon, should be left at the Money order Department.

On Saturday night ONLY, a through pouch from Chicago is received on the Fond du Lac train; and on Monday morning ONLY, a through pouch is made up and farwarded to Chicago on the 7 o'clock train.

By reading this table carefully, the public can post themselves thoroughly upon the arrival and departure of all the mails, and thus avoid much inconvenience to themselves.

H. A. PATTERSON, P. M.

OLE BULL.

A Sketch of the Great Violinist's Interesting Career

WITH Ole Bull passes away the last great violinist of the class of whom Paganini was the head, and who became known in musical Germany as the "Naturalisten." He was a remarkable and prominent figure in the history of music for half a century, equally well known in England, France, America, Germany and his native Norway. To the American of the last generation especially he was the greatest of violinists—none, except those who had heard Paganini, knew anybody who could stand comparison with him. To the younger generation he did not come with quite so much prestige. The youthful connoisseurs who heard him at his last performance in this city in March, 1877, for instance, did not place him in the category of greatest artists, and did not discuss him in the same breath with Joachim, Vieutemps and Wieniawski. They had no early memories to soften their judgment, and could not avoid applying the standard of judgment to his performance that they had applied to the other masters. This he could not endure in his last years, if ever he could, which is doubtful. Ole Bull was an original phenomenon in art and was not accountable to modern rules. He was a musical trickster, with a vein of strong but peculiar poetical feeling, and could only be judged fairly outside the conventional provinces. He established this character early in his career. As long ago as 1838, Spohr, while expressing great admiration for the wonderful certainty of his left hand and the depth of real feeling in him, nevertheless stated that, like Paganini, he sacrificed too much to the tricks of the art, and he related how the Norwegians would draw out a diminuendo until the listeners would lean forward in their seats to catch the dying tones, and then how he would lift the hair of the bow from the strings, but retain his attitude for several seconds and thus deceive them into the belief that he was still playing. This story is characteristic of Ole Bull's manner throughout his long career; tricks like this, together with his eccentricity of appearance and conduct, were relied on to produce the effects that made the impressible and not very discriminating American people wild with enthusiasm. Behind it all, however, was a vast deal of native genius and extraordinary talent.

Ole Bornemann Bull was born in Bergen, Norway, on the 5th day of February, 1810. His father, an apothecary, and his uncle, a newspaper editor, were both men of musical tastes. From the latter he learned his first notes and received his first violin. His progress was rapid on the instrument, and at eight years of age he played first violin in a performance of Beethoven's Symphony in D. When twenty-one years old he made his first concert tour. It led through Denmark and Holland and its goal was, of course, Paris. He reached the French capital in 1831, during the prevalence of an epidemic of cholera, and for a time his lines were hard indeed. His small savings ebbed away, and finally he was robbed of his little property, including his violin. Now he despaired and tried to drown himself, but was rescued by a woman named Villeminot. Two years later he made a prominent concert appearance and a success, and from that time his progress in public favor was rapid. He traveled in France, Italy, England and Germany; and created a furore everywhere. In 1843 he came to the United States, receiving a cordial reception. One of the incidents of his first visit to this country he told in a newspaper interview three years ago. Said he: "At Washington I gave a grand concert, which was attended by the President, Senate, House of Representatives, and the members of the diplomatic corps. There is a little history how that was brought about which I will tell you. Henry Clay was very sick, and I was invited to visit him by a mutual friend. I accepted, and proposed that I should take my violin and play for him. The idea was approved by my friend, who said that Henry Clay would, no doubt, be delighted. On arriving in the house, I took up a position adjoining the sick chamber and played, in a low tone, Clay's favorite melody, 'The Last Rose of Summer.' His interest was immediately aroused, and he asked if some one was not playing in the street. As the tone was raised, he said, 'Ah! that must be Ole Bull; no one but him could play that air.' When I ended the doors were thrown open and the great man came and embraced me, and I felt that a higher honor than if all the sovereigns in the world had embraced me. When this incident became known I was requested to give a concert in Washington, and the request was signed by the Senators and Representatives and also by President Fillmore."

He returned to Bergen in 1848, having amassed a fortune. His thoughts ran to great enterprises. He wanted to found a National theater of a model kind, but the project fell through. He was back in the United States in 1852, and embarked in a great colonization scheme. He purchased one hundred and twenty thousand acres of untilled land in Potter County, Pa., and established the Norwegian Colony of Oleana. The colony was a failure, and a subsequent venture as lessee of the New York Academy of Music was a disastrous failure. Since then he has divided his time between Norway and the United States, having married a young lady of Wisconsin in 1870. After returning to Europe in 1877, he gave concerts throughout Germany, and played his violin on the top of the great pyramid, promptly notifying the Khedive of his latter exploit. He was buried in his native town, where he died.—*Missouri Republican.*

Sure Sign.

If you see a lady drop her glove and a gentleman by the side of her, kindly telling her to pick it up, you need not hesitate in forming an opinion that they are married, and if you see a man or woman's face all covered with blotches and pimples, you must not hesitate but tell them to use Spring Blossom. Prices: $1., 50c., and trial bottles 10c.]

Sold by A. J. Roberts and Croft & Sherer.

The Morocco of To-day.

MOROCCO is so nearly barbarous, at least so nearly semi-civilized, that it seldom has any relation to European politics. But the present Morocco Conference, with the announcement of the determination of the Sultan to punish all who may be guilty of wronging non-Mohammedan subjects, has drawn attention to a country which few foreigners visit, and with which Americans have very little acquaintance. Morocco, or Marocco, is called by the natives Maghrib-el-Aksa, meaning the extreme west; it includes the three former kingdoms of Maghrib, Fez and Tafilet; contains from 260,000 to 270,000 (English) square miles, and a population variously estimated at from 3,000,000 to 8,000,000. The country is generally mountainous—the Atlas Mountains traverse it in several parallel ranges from southwest to northeast—but it has many level tracts. Between the central range of Atlas and the sea, the climate is temperate, but in the southeast extremes of heat and cold prevail, and rain never falls. The inhabitants consist, like those of Barbary in general, of Moors, Berbers, Arabs, negroes and Jews, with a diversified offspring of promiscuous miscegenation. More than two-thirds of them are Moors—these are a mixture of the Mauri, of Arabs, Romans, Numidians and Phœnicians—the other third consisting of Berbers, Jews (350,000) and negroes. There are very few Europeans there, and there is very little inducement for them to go thither, since the civilization is very low, many of the Berbers being little less than savages. The theology of the land is Mohammedan. The native negroes are increased by slaves introduced from Soudan. For convenient administration the country is subdivided into thirty-three governments or districts, each under the supervision of a caid, whose principal business is to collect the imposts. The semi-independent tribes are ruled by their own chiefs, and scarcely acknowledge the Sultan's authority. The Government is absolutely despotic, and in the absence of written laws the will of the Sultan (called by Europeans and Americans the Emperor of Morocco) and of his subordinates is equivalent to law. Public officials chiefly support themselves by practicing extortion on their inferiors, and are in turn robbed by their superiors. The Sultan is styled by his subjects Prince of Believers and Vicegerent of God on Earth, the title being hereditary in the male line, though not necessarily descending to the eldest son. Learning to read and write and to recite portions of the Koran is considered education, which to this extent is pretty generally acquired. Printing is unknown, and the arts and sciences are well-nigh null. The sole industries of any consequence are the manufacture of caps, fine silks and leather, in which last the people excel. The army numbers between 20,000 and 30,000 men, half of them negroes and there is besides a body of militia, 90,000 to 100,000 strong, which is occasionally called out. The navy is insignificant, but in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries it was piratical and very formidable.

MR. WASHTUB is the name of the gentleman who won't stop at an up-country hotel again. It seems that the clerk had to get up very early in the morning, and finding difficulty in waking, built a patent alarm bed in accordance with plans given him by Mr. Edison, who once stopped at his house. The bed had a powerful clock-work attachment, and at a set hour it would arouse any man who wasn't dead. The day after they got the thing set up in the house there was a great rush of guests, and the clerk in order to accommodate Mr. Washtub gave up his bed to him. He also forgot to shut off the alarm, and the result was that about four o'clok in the morning Washtub was aroused by a most terrible racket. He open his eyes and sat up in bed, and then he heard a voice, which came from a phonograph attachment to the bed, exclaim: "You old mucker, pile out!" If he had understood the thing he would have hopped out of bed and shut off the alarm. But he didn't and thought it was burglars. So he lay down again and pulled the covers over his head, and the bed began to shake violently, and he thought it was an earthquake, and was terribly scared. The bed shook so that he had to cling to the mattress to keep in, and finally the bed seemed to rise up right under him, and he was hurled violently to the floor. He tried to rise, and just then the mattress came off upon him with great force and floored him again. He had a terrible time getting out from under them, and just as he did so, and gave a wild yell for help, a shower of ice water came upon him, and then the slats of the bed began to whack at him, and as he could see but little in the dim light of the room, he thought he must have gone to sleep in a threshing machine, and some one had started it. His yells finally brought the landlord, who stopped the machine, and tried to calm the terrified guest by explaining the thing to him. But the explanation only made matters worse, for the victim lost two trains stopping over to lay for the clerk, who had found out what he had done, and kept out of the way.—*Boston Post.*

ON Sunday an extraordinary scene took place in Irvine Parish Church. During the singing of a hymn, previous to the commencement of the sermon, an elderly man of singular appearance entered the church and atfracted general notice by his strange demeanor. Clutching by the middle an old umbrella, he walked with a determined aspect up the area of the church, claiming audibly that he intended to occupy the minister's seat. This pew, which is situated well to the front in the area of the church, was completely filled, but nevertheless he crushed himself into it, compelling one of the occupants to seek another seat. Having hustled himself into this position, he waited patiently until the conclusion of the hymn, but no sooner had the minister risen to announce his text than the man arose and, taking from his pocket a paper, he addressed the minister by name and commenced to read a long statement purporting to be an interdict forbidding certain lawyers and others in Irvine from proceeding with the sale of certain property. The document occupied about five minutes in reading, and minutely described the situation of the property down to the square yards it measured; but as he apparently did not consider the statement sufficiently explanatory, he took an extremely long handkerchief from his pocket and began a practical demonstration of the measurement. When the man had finished, the minister quietly asked some of the office-bearers to remove him, which was accordingly done without any disturbance taking place. He stated that what he had done was in pursuance of an old ecclesiastic law, entitling people to claim publicly in church any property of which they were threatened to be dispossessed by legal action. The police afterward conveyed him home.—*Edinburgh Scotsman.*

TALK or dream as much as you please about preserving or restoring the fertility of the farms of the Northwest with stable manure, phosphates, lime, plaster, marl, guano, or any other fertilizer, it cannot be done. The plains of the Mississippi Valley are too vast for any such twopenny operation. They can never be fully preserved in that way. But clover is equal to any emergency and any extent of country. By it—and by it alone—so far as experience and science have developed any agent for this purpose, the present fertile soil of this greatest grain and grass field the world has can be transmitted unimpaired to posterity. There are thousands of waste places and deserts on the earth which were once fertile, which could have been saved from desolation by the free use of clover. This rich and enriching grass has never had full credit for all its virtues. While it is enriching and preserving the soil in its native productiveness, it at the same time yields an equally profitable crop as any other grass or cereal.

On or near the sea coast where fields are limited and the products of the soil can be disposed of at twice or thrice the price of that produced so far as this from market, farmers may be able to replenish their soil with commercial fertilizers, or with Menhaden fish; but the world does not now, nor can it at any future time, produce enough of these articles to fertilize one-fourth of the Northwest. We therefore beseech farmers to commence in time with more clover, and arrange the farm with the right kind of stock to use it profitably.—*Iowa State Register.*

IF the sale of curiosities which took place in London recently be any criterion, the great auk has been very badly advised in ceasing its periodical visits to the North of Scotland. As a foreign traveler that gentle bird was at one time somewhat of a celebrity. When tired of diving for lump-fish in the northern seas, or possibly precluded from doing so by the phenomenon known as ice, he would make a trip to such southern latitudes as Greenland, Norway, Spitzbergen and the extreme north of Great Britain, occasionally accompanied by his spouse, who, by way of a souvenir, would lay an egg in some cleft above high water. Two such memorials of visits have, indeed, just passed under the auctioneer's hammer, one selling for one hundred pounds, while the other actually fetched one hundred and two guineas, the fortunate buyer being Lord Liiford. Why, with these facts before him, the great auk stays away, it might, indeed, be hard to understand. A bird that can lay such golden eggs as these should lose no time in swimming—for it cannot fly—to the best markets. One difficulty only presents itself in the matter, and that certainly is formidable. The great auk has, it is feared, suddenly become extinct. If that be so, its eggs are certainly worth all that they have fetched, as no more will be found in Scotland or elsewhere.—*London Telegraph.*

Burnett's Cocoaine

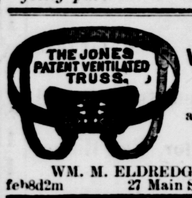
Kills Dandruff, Allays Irritation, and Promotes the Growth of the Hair.

Gentlemen.—For over two years I have suffered terribly with "scald head" in its worst form. A few weeks ago I tried a bottle of your COCOAINE. The first application gave me relief, and now the disease is effectually cured.

Yours respectfully,

N. C. STEVENS, Deputy Sheriff, Ottawa, Ill.

Burnett's Flavoring Extracts are perfectly pure.



THE JONES VENTILATED TRUSSES

and Supporters are the Easiest, Safest and Best in the World.

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TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN, AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cents. 35 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

(DR. TUTT'S MANUAL of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.)

feb15dced-w1y

To Justices of the Peace

BLANKS for Justice's Return to County Board in new and convenient form.

ny23dawtf GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

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Our Office is Supplied with the

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Cards, Bill Heads,

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PRICES in accordance with work desired. Estimates Furnished.

PETROLEUM JELLY Sold by All Druggists.

Used and approved by the leading PHYSICIANS of EUROPE and AMERICA.

The most Valuable Family Remedy known.

VASELINE

For the Treatment of WOUNDS, BURNS, SORES, CUTS, CHILBLAINS, SKIN DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, HEMORRHOIDS, Etc. Also for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup and Diphtheria, etc.

☞ Try them. 25 and 50 cent sizes of all our goods.

The Toilet Articles from pure Vaseline—such as Pomade Vaseline, Vaseline Cold Cream, Vaseline Camphor Ice, Vaseline Toilet Soaps, are superior to any similar ones.

VASELINE CONFECTIONS. An agreeable form of taking Vaseline internally. 25 CENTS A BOX.

GRAND MEDAL AT THE PHILADELPHIA EXPOSITION. SILVER MEDAL AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION. CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO. COLGATE & CO., N.Y.

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THE GREAT CONNECTING LINE

Between the principal towns and cities of Northern Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, the Territory of Dakota and the New Northwest.

ITS PRESENT TERMINAL POINTS:

Chicago, Milwaukee, Racine, Oshkosh, Rock Island, Davenport, St. Paul, Minneapolis, —Ortonville, Minn.—Running Water, Mitchell and Flandreau, D. T.

Its Road-Bed, Superstructure and Equipments combine all modern improvements, and are perfect in every particular.

The only line running its own elegant Sleeping and Parlor Cars under the direct management and control of the Railway Company.

QUICK TIME AND LOW RATES.

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FROM CHICAGO TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON!

Every Day Without Change of Cars.

Only line East running the Famous

DINING CARS

Connects at Niagara Falls and Buffalo with the New York Central and Erie Railways.

28½ hours is the time of the Special Fast Train from Chicago to New York. Elegant Dining Car attached. Leaves Chicago Daily 3:30 p. m.

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DR. M. A. NEWMAN,

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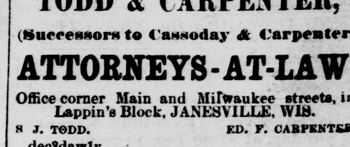
Office in Smith & Jackman's block, over Rock County National Bank, Janesville, Wis. Practices Dentistry in all its branches. Administers nitrous oxide gas for the painless extraction of teeth. sep5dawly

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A MUSICAL WONDER.



Do you want a Musical Instrument, rivaling the Piano or Organ, on which at sight you can perform as well as any professor upon the instruments mentioned? If you do, send for our Illustrated Catalogue of THE MECHANICAL ORGUINETTE—the greatest musical invention of the age—upon which any one can play correctly all the popular, classical, operatic, sacred, dance, and other music. Prices, $10, $12, $30, $75, $125. Beware of imitations.

LYON & HEALY, 162 State St., Chicago.

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine

YOUNG MEN Learn Telegraphy! Earn $40 to $100 a month. Graduates guaranteed paying offices. Address Valentine Bros., Janesville, Wis.

$999 a year to Agents, and expenses. $6 Outfit free. Address F. SWAIN & Co., Augusta, Me.

ADVERTISERS! send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 10 Spruce St., N. Y. feb0daw4w

Dr. V. CLARENCE PRICE

HAS

Visited Janesville

EIGHTEEN YEARS.

Has met with unparalleled success in the treatment of all

CHRONIC DISEASES!

OF THE

Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver.

Head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb, and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, scrofula, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c.

DR. PRICE'S REPUTATION!

Hha been acquired by candid, honest dealing and years of successful practice,

My practice, not one of experiment, but founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it, does not tear down, make sick to make well; no harsh treatment, no trifling, no flattering. We know the cause and the remedy needed; no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of Chronic Diseases exclusively; no encouragement without a prospect. Candid in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything or cure everybody, but do lay claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call and investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for yourselves; it will cost nothing as consultation is free. Visits made regularly.

:o:

Dr. V. Clarence Price

Can be consulted at JANESVILLE, MYERS HOUSE, on Saturday, the 26th of March, 1881. Patients will address all letters to Dr. V. Clarence Price, Waukegan, Ill., with stamp jan19dawtf

29th

Popular Monthly Drawing of the

Commonwealth Distribution Company;

At MACAULEY'S THEATRE, in the City of Louisville on

MONDAY, FEB. 28th, 1881.

These drawings occur monthly (Sundays excepted) under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, incorporating the Newport Printing and Newspaper Co., approved April 9, 1878.

☞ This is a special act, and has never been repealed.

The United States Circuit Court on March 31st rendered the following decisions:

1st—That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—Its drawings are fair.

The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

FEBRUARY DRAWING.

1 Prize	$30,000	100 prizes	100 each		10,000
"	10,000	200	"	50 "	10,000
"	5,000	600	"	20 "	12,000
10 prizes 1000 each	10,000	1,000	"	10 "	10,000
20 " 500 each	10,000				
9 Prizes $300 each, Approximation Prizes					$2,700
9 Prizes 200 each,					1,800
9 Prizes 100 each,					900
1,980 Prizes					$112,400

Whole tickets $2. Half tickets $1.00
27 Tickets, $50. 55 Tickets, $100

REMIT BY MONER IN LETTER. BY BANK Remit Money or Bank Draft in Letter, or send by Express. DON'T SEND BY REGISTERED LETTER OR POSTOFFICE ORDER. Orders of $5 and upward, by Express, can be sent at our expense. Address all orders to R. M. BOARDMAN, Courier-Journal Building, Louisville, Ky., or T. J. COMMERFORD, 212 Broadway, New York.

sep1deod-5w1st&3dwemly

COUNTY COURT, ROCK COUNTY—In the Matter of Dower and Partition in the Real Estate of Nathaniel D. Kelly, Deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Ann J. Kelly, of the town of Fulton, in said county, the widow of said deceased, representing that she is the widow of said deceased, late of said town, that said deceased died seized of an estate of inheritance in fee simple in and to the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twenty-two, (22) and the undivided one-half of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-three, (23) in the town of Fulton, in said county, that she and H. S. McGiffin own the other undivided half of said last piece of land, that she has not had her dower in said estate assigned to her, that the heirs at law do not dispute her right; and praying that partition may be made of the said nw¼ of the nw¼ of section 23, and that said dower may be assigned to her, it is ordered that said petition be heard before this court at the office of the judge thereof, in the city of Janesville, in this county, at the next April term, to be held on the 1st Tuesday of April next, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested by publishing this order three weeks successively prior to said day, once each week, in the Janesville Gazette, a daily newspaper published at said city, in said county, and by personal service of this order upon said McGiffin, ten days prior to said date.—Dated February 19th, 1881.

By the court,

AMOS P. PRICHARD, feb21doew6w County Judge.

JANESVILLE STEAM BOILER WORKS,

Corner of Franklin and Pleasant Streets, JANESVILLE, - - - WISCONSIN.

P. T. JOYCE,

Practical Boiler Maker, is prepared to Manufacture all kinds of Steam Boilers, Water, Lard and Oil Tanks, Sheet Iron Work of every description. Particular attention paid to Repairing at reasonable rates.

P. T. JOYCE, O. Box, 1047, Janesville, Wis. jan8dawly

THE GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

The circulation of the GAZETTE *is larger than the combined circulation of any five newspapers in Rock county.*

Published Every Evening Except Sunday, at $7.00 Per Year by

THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE ON NORTH MAIN STREET,

JANESVILLE, - - WISCONSIN.

THE CITY

—:o:—

NOTICES FOR THIS COLUMN WILL BE CHARGED FOR AT TEN CENTS PER LINE, FIRST INSERTION AND SIX CENTS FOR EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION IN DAILY. DAILY AND WEEKLY TWENTY CENTS FIRST, AND TWELVE CENTS EACH SUBSEQUENT INSERTION.

THE statements of account with a request to "pay up," sent out by Mr. H. H. Blanchard, claiming to be in favor of the Gazette Printing Company, do not in anywise belong to that Company, but are the private matters of General James Bintliff.

FOR SALE—One set of Howe's celebrated sliding poise, platform scales, just received from the manufacturers, can be seen at the GAZETTE counting room.

FOR SALE—One of the celebrated Improved Howe sewing machines, new and in perfect running order, price low, at the GAZETTE counting room.

Leave orders for ice at Mrs. Zeininger's store and No. 2 Engine house.

LOCAL MATTER.

—:o:—

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery.

For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, &c., at reasonable prices, call at Sutherland s Bookstore. feb1dawly

Go to A. J. Roberts for *Mrs. Freeman's New National Dyes.* For brightness and durability of color are unequaled. Color from 2 to 5 pounds, rice, 15 cents. jyldawly

MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of early imprudence, causing nervous debility, premature decay, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham st., N.Y. nov1deodwly

15,000 PACKAGES SOLD IN A YEAR

THE PASTILLE

Prof. Harris' Radical Cure

TradeMark

FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY AND SPERMATORRHŒA.

A valuable Discovery and New Departure in Medical Science, an entirely New and positively effective Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotency by the only true way, viz: Direct Application to the principal Seat of the Disease, acting by Absorption, and exerting its specific influence on the Seminal Vesicles, Ejaculatory Ducts, Prostate Gland, and Urethra. The use of the Remedy is attended with no pain or inconvenience, and does not interfere with the ordinary pursuits of life; it is quickly dissolved and soon absorbed, producing an immediate soothing and restorative effect upon the sexual and nervous organizations wrecked from self-abuse and excesses, stopping the drain from the system, restoring the mind to health and sound memory, removing the Dimness of Sight, Nervous Debility, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, etc., etc., and the appearance of premature old age usually accompanying this trouble, and restoring perfect Sexual Vigor, where it has been dormant for years. This mode of treatment has stood the test in very severe cases, and is now a pronounced success. Drugs are too much prescribed in these troubles, and, as many can bear witness to, with but little if any permanent good. There is no Nonsense about this Preparation. Practical observation enables us to positively guarantee that it will give satisfaction. During the eight years that it has been in general use, we have thousands of testimonials as to its value, and it is now conceded by the Medical Profession to be the most rational means yet discovered of reaching and curing this very prevalent trouble, that is well known to be the cause of untold misery to so many, and upon whom quacks prey with their useless nostrums and big fees. The Remedy is put up in neat boxes, of three sizes. No. 1, (enough to last a month,) $3; No. 2, (sufficient to effect a permanent cure, unless in severe cases,) $5; No. 3, (lasting over three months, will stop emissions and restore vigor in the worst cases,) $7. Sent by mail, sealed, in plain wrappers. Full DIRECTIONS for using will accompany EACH BOX.

Send for Sealed Descriptive Pamphlet giving Anatomical Illustrations and Testimony, which will convince the most skeptical that they can be restored to perfect manhood, and fitted for the duties of life, same as if never affected. Sold ONLY by

HARRIS REMEDY CO. MFG. CHEMISTS.
Market and 8th Sts. ST. LOUIS, MO.

THE Book for the Million (WOMEN AND MARRIAGE)

A new and complete GUIDE TO WEDLOCK, containing Chapters on A Competent Womanhood, Selection of wife, Evidences of Virginity, Temperaments, Sterility, Advice to Bridegroom, Husband, & Wife, Prostitution, its causes, Celibacy & Matrimony compared, Conjugal Duties, Conception, Confinement, Love and Courtship, Impediments to Marriage, Science of Reproduction, Single Life considered, Law of Marriage and Divorce, Legal Rights of Married Women, Diseases of Women, their causes and cure, etc.

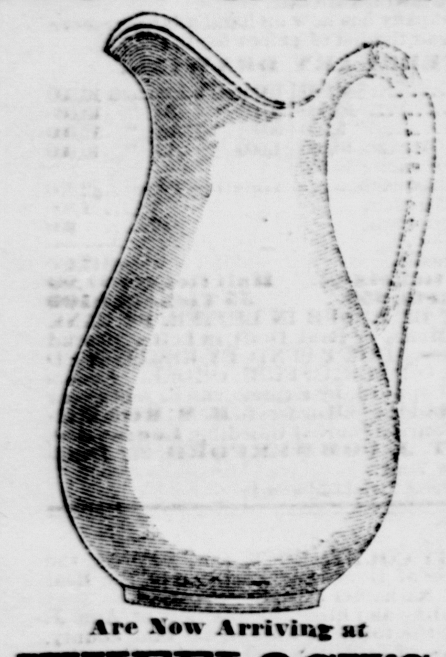
It is also a "Private Medical Adviser" on diseases resulting from impure sexual associations, and on self-abuse—the secret habit of youth—and its effect on after life, causing Nightly Emissions, Loss of Vigor, etc., and making marriage improper or unhappy, giving treatment and many valuable receipts. A book for private and considerate reading that no adult should be without, as ignorance on these subjects causes a great deal of misery. It contains much that is not in any other book, and has 600 pages, with over 100 Plate Engravings and Woodcuts. Sent sealed for $1.

(Dr. Butts invites all persons suffering from RUPTURE to send him their names and address, and assures them that they will learn something to their advantage. It is not a Truss. Address,)

DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY, No. 12 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo.

feb15deod-29wly

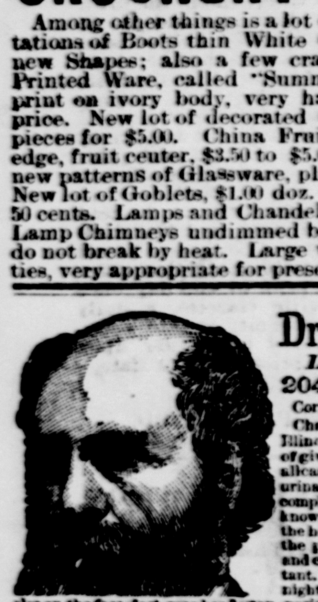
New Goods



Are Now Arriving at

WHEELOCK'S CROCKERY STORE

Among other things is a lot of our own importations of Boots thin White Granite Ware, in new Shapes; also a few crates of Boots new Printed Ware, called "Summer Time," black print on ivory body, very handsome and low price. New lot of decorated Chamber Sets, 10 pieces for $5.00. China Fruit Plates colored edge, fruit center, $3.50 to $5.00 dozen. Several new patterns of Glassware, plain and engraved. New lot of Goblets, $1.00 doz. New Glass Sets, 50 cents. Lamps and Chandeliers at low prices. Lamp Chimneys undimmed by the oil bath that do not break by heat. Large variety of Novelties, very appropriate for presents. oct13d1y



Dr. JAMES,
Lock Hospital,
204 Washington St.,
Cor. Franklin, CHICAGO.

Chartered by the State of Illinois for the express purpose of giving immediate relief in all cases of private, chronic and urinary diseases in all their complicated forms. It is well known Dr. James has stood at the head of the profession for the past thirty years. Age and experience are all important. Seminal Weakness, night losses by dreams, pimples on the face, lost manhood, can positively be cured. Ladies wanting the most delicate attention, call or write. Pleasant home for patients. A book for the million—Marriage Guide, which tells you all about these diseases, who should marry, why, not, 10 cents to pay postage. Dr. James has fifty rooms and parlors. You see no one but the Doctor. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; Sunday, 10 to 12. Dr. James is 60 years of age.

Rubber Goods } 2 for $1 or $4 per doz., Ladies $5. Female Pills $1 per box; 6 for $5.

sep23dawly

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

—:o:—

Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

—TRAINS ARRIVE—

From Milwaukee, Chicago and East...4:40 P. M.
From Milwaukee, Chicago and East...6:50 P. M.
From Madison, St. Paul and all points North and West.........1:55 P. M.
From Brodhead, Albany and Monroe..8:36 A. M.
From Brodhead, and Albany ....12:20 A. M.
From Brodhead, Albany and Monroe. 2:10 P. M.
From Beloit, Freeport Cedar Rapids, Rock Island, Davenport and.. All Points South and West..... 8:25 A. M. and 3:35 P. M.

—TRAINS DEPART—

For Milwaukee, Chicago and East.....8:36 A. M
For Milwaukee, Chicago and East....12:45 P. M
For Madison, Pr. du Chien, St. Paul and All Points North and West.. 8:36 A. M. 3:40 P. M.
For Brodhead, Albany and Monroe. 12:50 P. M.
For Brodhead, and Albany .... 4:40 P. M.
For Brodhead, Albany and Monroe,. 6:50 P. M.
For Beloit, Freeport, Rock Island,.. Davenport, Cedar Rapids, and.... All Points South and West..... 11:10 A. M. AND 6:55 P. M.

WM. B. NOYES, Agent.
A. V. H. CARPENTER, Gen'l. Pass'r. Ag't.

Chicago & Northwestern.

Trains at Janesville Station.

GOING NORTH.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Day Express	1:30 P. M.	1:35 P. M.
Fond du Lac passenger	8:40 P. M.	8:45 P. M.

GOING SOUTH.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Day Express	2:30 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
Fond du Lac passenger	6:55 A. M.	7:00 A. M.

AFTON BRANCH.

	Arrive.	Depart.
Beloit Accommodation	10:10 A. M.	7:05 A. M
Afton Passenger	11:45 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Afton Passenger	2:30 P. M.	1:45 P. M.
Afton Accommodation	8:15 P. M.	6:45 P. M.

M. HUGHETT, Gen'l. Supt.
W. H. STENNETT, General Passenger Agent.

BRIEFLETS.

—This is snow sort of weather.

—Trains were delayed somewhat this afternoon by the snow.

—The Bower City Rifles are to have a dance at their armory next Tuesday evening.

—The Janesville accommodation was last night delayed considerably by a freight train, which had six cars ditched this side of Chicago.

—George Prichard is to-day moving his stock of pumps, plumbing and gas fitting supplies into his new store next to the Gazette office.

—The costumes for the masquerade of the Guards to-morrow night have arrived and are at the Grand hotel, where those desiring to make selections should call at once.

—Patrick Mack was picked up in a very drunken condition by Officer Pratt, and was to-day sentenced to three days in jail. Mack claims to belong at Monroe, and is a railroad laborer.

—The Herbert company expect to spend next week in Monroe, and will probably not visit Oshkosh until the license war is over there, the council now charging $20 a night for the right to show up, to say nothing of scores of tickets for the aldermen.

—Word comes from the northern part of the State for Wisconsin farmers to look out for fellows who want to sell sunflower seed at round prices, on the claim that they will buy the crop at big prices for the purpose of manufacturing a sort of oil.

—Fourteen acrobatic clowns, all twins will appear to-morrow evening at the Guards' masquerade, in the costumes of their native country. There is also promised the appearance of the largest man and woman in the country. The bird of our country also promises to be there.

—It won't take much snow to block the railroads. The cuts are narrow, they having been dug out just wide enough to let trains through, though the last few days the railroad companies have been widening some of them, yet the majority are so that a very little snow will fill up the track.

—In the records of the doings in the criminal court in Chicago yesterday appears the fact that Holden was set free on his own recognizance of $500. This must be Fred Holden, of this city, who has been in jail there over a year awaiting trial, and who expected to have his case disposed of this week.

—About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon an alarm of fire was caused by the discovery of smoke issuing from the roof of John Cunningham's house, corner of Williams and Glen streets in the Second ward. The department turned out promptly, and the contents of the house were saved, and the building itself only partially burned. The house is one of the oldest in the city, being originally a log one, and afterwards sided up and finished off. The fire is supposed to have caught from a stovepipe, which runs up through the roof, and the blaze was confined to the upper part of the building. There was no insurance.

—There was a happy wedding to mark Washington's birthday, the contracting parties being Mr. James Cassedy and Miss Mary Bracken, who were married at St. Patrick's church by Father McGinnity Tuesday evening. Mr. Anthon Dixon served as groomsman and Miss Ella Gagan as bridesmaid. The wedding party then proceeded to the bride's home where were gathered a company of friends, who were entertained in a very hospitable manner, and who heartily enjoyed the occasion. The congratulations and well-wishes were accompanied by many elegant presents. Mr. and Mrs. Cassedy will proceed at once to keeping house in the First ward, and their many friends throughout the city will gladly join in wishing them the brightest of futures.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE AND EVENSON DRUGGISTS

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last night stood at 14 degrees above; at 1 o'clock A. M. to-day at 2 degrees below; at 7 o'clock A. M. at 5 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock A. M., at 13 degrees above. Snow.

The indications to-day are, warmer, fair weather, followed by increasing cloudiness, possibly by rain or snow, southerly winds, and falling barometer.

THE SHAUGAUN.

Herbert's combination had a good house last night and presented "The Shaugaun," excellently. It is, as most know, a beautiful, Irish comedy, full of interesting situations, and the play gave J. W. Burton, as Conn, an admirable chance to show his artistic talents, and that he improved this chance was evidenced by the constant merriment which he excited, and his powerful play upon the emotions of the audience. Frank Cotton had not so much of prominent work but he was excellent, and the rest of the company were very fair indeed. Annie Burton deserves special notice for excellence of voice ease of manner, and pleasing appearance, and F. D. Montague in make-up and in some of his work was very clever.

To-night the same company give "Our American Cousin," one of the best in the reportoire, and those who delight in humor will enjoy it hugely.

HONORING BURNS.

The Merry Gathering in Remembrance of the Lad Born in Kyl .

Last evening there was a merry gathering of the sons and daughters of Scotland, at the home of Mr. Robert Hodge, to celebrate the birthday of their pet poet Robert Burns. The celebration should have taken place last month, but owing to sundry circumstances, it was deemed advisable to postpone it until last evening. This necessary postponement did not however lessen the enjoyment. All were in high glee, and enjoyment reigned supreme. The company numbered about seventy-five, and after the guests had partaken of a bountiful and tempting repast, Captain J. J. Boyd was unanimously chosen chairman, and director of ceremonies, and a merry season of singing, chatting, and recitations followed. Prof. Whitcomb, who lives near Albany, presided at the piano and sang some songs, and also joined with Charles Erhlinger, John Hodge and the Misses Hodge in some choruses. Mrs. Day recited admirably, "A man's a man for a' that." Captain Boyd sang, "There was a lad was born in Kyle." Matthew Patterson gave "Tam O'Shanter." Mr. Wright recited Campbell's "Downfall of Poland." Mr. John Hodge sang "The Kilty Lads." John Gallety, Mr. and Mrs. Pollock, Mrs. McArthur and others also sang familiar Scotch songs, and Captain Boyd set the company in a roar by two comic songs. At the close of this evening's social merriment Mr. Gallety proposed a toast to Mr. Hodge and family, and the chairman led in giving the usual Scotch honors, and after the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" the good-nights were said, and the company dispersed.

It was by all means the largest and most enjoyable commemoration of Burns that has taken place here since the centennial observance in Lappin's hall twenty-two years ago. It would be a good move if our Scotch friends would arrange for another such public observance, as it has been a long time since a chance has been given for all to enjoy the happy festivities which peculiarly mark Burn's birthday, and there are many outside of Scotch families, who would delight in an opportunity of attending such a public observance.

Conundrum.

What is the difference between the top of a mountain and a person afflicted with any disorder? One is the summit of a hill, and the other is ill of a summat. Disordered Stomachs and Dyspepsia can be cured by using Spring Blossom. Prices: $1.00, 50 cents, and trial bottles 10 cents Sold by A. J. Roberts and Croft & Sherer.

MERRY MASKERS.

Last evening there was a large and gay gathering in Cannon's hall at the masquerade given by the Merry club. The main floor was occupied by those members of the club who appeared en masque, while the gallery was filled with lookers-on. It was one of the merriest parties of the season. The costumes were unique and varied, some being extremely elegant, and some extremely comical, and when all were in the merry whirl the scene was a kaleidoscopic one, mingling all colors and shapes. A happy Hollander made fun for all. There was Punch with his velvet suit. There was the wandering Jew, the jolly Irishman, military officers, negro characters, clowns, Lord Dundreary, and among the ladies two representing "Nan, the good for nothing," with tattered suits, shoes run down at the heel, frowsy hair, and rollicking merriment, presented a perfect disguise, and kept all in a roar of laughter by their many merry pranks. Their character were taken perfectly. The fairy queen commanded admiration; there was an excellent representation of the press; there wasthe popcorn girl with suit adornedwith strung popcorn; a riding suit excited attention; then there were the tambourine girl, the Spanish dancing girl, sailor suits, fair quakeresses, and so on to an endless variety, showing that much time and pains had been taken by the participants to prepare for the occasion. At 11 o'clock the dancers unmasked, and then among the many surprises was the revelation that one of those who appeared in a charming lady's suit, was one of Janesville's men, who had carried the part through the evening to perfection. The dancing was kept up after the unmasking until about half-past 12 o'clock, when the company dispersed. The music for the evening was excellent, it being furnished by Anderson's orchestra, and all the arrangements were so planned and carried out that the affair was a happy success in every detail.

RESCUED FROM DEATH.

The following statement of William J. Coughlin, of Somerville, Mass., is so remarkable that we beg to ask for it the attention of our readers. He says: "In the fall of 1876, I was taken with a VIOLENT BLEEDING OF THE LUNGS, followed by a severe cough. I soon began to lose my appetite and flesh. I was so weak at one time that I could not leave my bed. In the summer of 1877 I was admitted to the City Hospital. While there the doctors said I had a hole in my left lung as big as a half dollar. I expended over a hundred dollars in doctors and medicines. I was so far gone at one time a report went around that I was dead. I gave up hope, but a friend told me of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. I laughed at my friends, thinking that my case was incurable, but I got a bottle to satisfy them, when, to my surprise and gratification, I commenced to feel better. My hope, once dead, began to revive, and to-day I feel in better spirits than I have the past three years.

"I write this hoping you will publish it, so that every one afflicted with Diseased Lungs will be induced take DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS, and be convinced that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED. I have taken two bottles, and can positively say that it has done more good than all the other medicines I have taken since my sickness. My cough has almost entirely disappeared, and I shall soon be able to go to work." Sold by druggists.

MARRIED

BARR—NELSON—In this city, Feb. 24th, 1881, at the Spence house, by Rev. Geo. W. Wells, MR. LEMUEL BARR, of Rockford, Ill., and MISS MARY L. NELSON, also of Rockford.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

JANESVILLE MARKETS.

Reported for the Gazette by Sump & Gray, Grain and Produce Dealers.

JANESVILLE, February 23.

Receipts of grain have been large during the past week, and the market has ruled firm for most kinds. Wheat is in fair demand at 75&87 cents for common to best winter, and at 70&85 cents for spring. Rye is saleable at 75&82 cents Barley is in brisk demand at 65&73 cents, for good to best samples, and 60&65 cents for the lower grades. Corn and oats in demand at quotations.

FLOUR—New Process $1.50 per sack; Wisconsin $1.25 per sack.

RYE FLOUR—$2.25 per 100 lbs.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—85c per sack.

WHEAT—Winter, 75@87½; Good to best milling spring 80@85; shipping grades 70@80.

WHEAT BRAN—60c per 100; Buckwheat Bran 50c per 100; $8 00 per ton.

MEAL—coarse, 80c per 100; bolted 30c per sack

FEED—80@90c per 100 lbs.

MIDDLINGS—70 ₩ 100 lbs. Ton $12.

RYE—in good request at 75@82c.

BARLEY—ranges at60@73c according to quality.

CORN—shelled for 60 lbs. 33@34c; ear 32@33c for 75 lbs.

OATS—white 29@30c; mixed 28@29c.

TIMOTHY SEED—in demand at $2.20@$2.40 per 46 pounds.

CLOVER SEED—saleable at $4.50@5.00 per bushel.

HAY—Timothy $8 00@10 00 per ton; Marsh and other kinds $5 00@7 00.

POTATOES—good demand at 35@50c.

BUTTER—good supply at 16@20c.

BEANS—wanted at $1.00@1.40 per bushel.

EGGS— at 18@20c per dozen fresh

HIDES—Green, 6@7c; calf 8@10c; Dry, 12c@14

WOOL—In demand at 35@38c for fair to choice clips; ½ off for unmerchantable.

SHEEP PELTS—Range at 60c@1 50c each.

DRESSED HOGS—range at $5,90@6.25 per 100 pounds.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle $3.00@$4.50 ₩ 100 lbs; Hog $5.00@$5.30 per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—Turkeys 9@10c; Chickens 7@8c.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, February 23.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring wheat cash, 97¼c; No 3 spring wheat cash, 88c

CORN—No. 2 cash, 37½c.

OATS—No 2, at 31c

BARLEY—No. 3 at 83c

PORK—Cash new, $15 00.

LARD—Cash $10 15

LIVE HOGS—$4 50@6 00 according to grade.

BUTTER—31@32c, 22@23c, 15@16c, according to quality.

CHEESE—7@12c, according to quality.

EGGS—Fresh, 18c.

HAY—Timothy, No. 1, $14 50@15 50; do No. 2 $13 50@14 50.

HOPS—12½@25c.

HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes at 15@18c.

SEEDS—Clover at $4 80@5 15 ₩ bu.; Timothy $2 45@2 70; Flax, $1 23

TAELOW—No. 1, 5½c ₩ lb.

WHISKY—$1 07.

WOOL—Tub-washed bright, 40@50c ₩ lb; unwashed, 28@32c; coarse 20@25c.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, February 23

FLOUR—Steady and in fair demand.

WHEAT—Firm; opened ⅜c higher and closed quiet; No 1 hard nominal; No 2 96¼c; February 96½c; March 96¾c; April 97⅝c; No 3 Milwaukee 87½c; No 4 nominal; rejected nominal

CORN—No. 2, 37¾c.

OATS—No. 2, 30½c.

RYE—No. 1, 89c.

BARLEY—No. 2 spring, 84c.

PORK—Mess pork, $14 90.

LARD—Prime steam $10 15.

MONETARY.

NEW YORK, February 23.

Money; 6 ₩ cent.
Government bonds weak
State bonds dull
Stocks, strong

MISCELLANEOUS.

FURNITURE!

Britton & Kimball

Are daily receiving their Spring Stock of goods The largest and best assortment to be found in the city. Parlor, Bed Room Dining and Kitchen Furniture, at prices that can't be beat—Call and examine our immense stock in show rooms up stairs

UNDERTAKERS!

—o—

Fifteen years experience. Every facility for preserving the dead. Satisfaction guaranteed.

NEXT DOOR TO POST OFFICE,
JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN.
feb23daw10m

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.—Ogden H. Fethers vs. Edwin E. Carpenter.
The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

OGDEN H. FETHERS,
Plaintiff and Attorney in person.
P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock County, Wis
feb24doew7w

R. C. YEOMANS

Franklin street, Corn Exchange Square, Janesville, Wis.

DEALER IN

Wind-Mill, Garden and Set Length Force Pumps, Pipe, Fittings, Drive Points, Deep and Shallow Well Cylinders,

Gas and Steam Fitting Goods !

Globe and other Valves, Engine Trimmings Rubber Hose, Sheet Rubber, Lead Pipe, Packing, &c.

Steam, Gas and Water Pipe Fitting a Specialty.

Deep and Shallow Well Repairing. Estimates given and Contracts Taken on Work at a Distance. All work Personally Attended to.
jy31dawly

MISCELLANEOUS

IT MAKES

No Difference how Deep the Snow or Cold the Weather, OUR REDUCTION on Winter Goods GOES JUST THE SAME !

20 per cent. Reduction on FINE Goods.

15 per cent. Reduction on LOW-PRICED Goods.

SMITH & SON,
One Price, Square Dealing Clothiers.

JOHN CLARK, Jr. & CO'S

CLARK'S TRADE MILE-END MARK SPOOL COTTON

BEST SIX-CORD

FOR

Machine or Hand Use.

PRIZE MEDAL
GRANTED AT
London, Paris,
New York, Vienna,
Philadelphia, Cincinnati,
And Charleston, S. C.

FOR SALE BY
McKEY & BRO.
feb11d3m

Coffee, Coffee.

1,250 Pounds, over half a ton of choice O. G. Java Coffee in stock at 35 cts, our own Roasting; and 30 cts Green. This is the cheapest lot of Coffee that has been in the market for years.

J. A. DENNISTON.

RIO COFFEE, Prime at 16cts Green, and 20cts our own Roasting, at DENNISTON'S.

BLACK TEA, the choicest in market; also a new lot of Rose Jap at DENNISTON'S.

NO SECOND QUALITY GOODS at Denniston's. Every thing the best and consequently the cheapest.

CALIFORNIA Grapes and Pears at DENNISTON'S.

BURNETT'S Extracts and Colognes at DENNISTON'S.

HECKER'S Self-Raising Buck-Wheat Flour at DENNISTON'S.

CHOICE Preserves, Damson, Cherry, Quince Peach, &c., at DENNISTON'S.

CHOWDERS, Fish and Clam at DENNISTON'S.

PEARCE'S unrivaled Soda Crackers at DENNISTON'S.

SARDINES in Mustard, Oil, and Tomato Sauce at DENNISTON'S.

LOOMIS ALLEN & Co., Sweet Corn and Succotash at DENNISTON'S.

ATMORE'S justly celebrated Mince-Meat at DENNISTON'S.

BROOK Trout and Fresh Mackerel at DENNISTON'S.

HAM CURED TENDER LOIN at DENNISTON'S.

OSWEGO Corn Starch Crackers at DENNISTON'S.

A Case of Fresh Condensed Milk at DENNISTON'S.

PRUNELLS make the Finest Sauce; get them at DENNISTON'S.

STEAM COOKED OAT MEAL and Whea Grits at DENNISTON'S.

23 Different kinds of Crackers at DENNISTON'S.

aug29dtf

BLANKS.

FOR

Constables' Accounts with Rock County

AT GAZETTE OFFICE
my16dawtf

FOR SALE!

At Gazette Counting Room,

A Beckford Knitting Machine

(Which will be sold at a bargain

To Justices of the Peace

BLANKS for Justice's Return to County Board is new and convenient form.
my23dawtf GAZETTE PRINTING CO;

L. R. TREAT,

WEST END SHOE HOUSE!

33

WEST MILWAUKEE STREET.

GOOD GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.

sep14dawly

AT THE

EMPIRE DRUG STORE!

There is Always a

Large Stock of Pure Drugs, Medicines, PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

All sorts of Druggists Sundries, Combs and Brushes, Perfumes and Fancy Articles for the Toilet

THE Best BRANDS of CIGARS in JANESVILLE.

☞ Special Agency of the Celebrated Jones' Truss. Prescriptions carefully and promptly prepared,
W. M. ELDREDGE,
aug31d1y 27 NORTH MAIN STREET, JANESVILLE, WIS.

Actual New York Cost!

50 Set Mink Furs.

100 Cloaks and Dolmans at the first New York Cost.

Ladies in want of a good set of MINK FURS or a nice wool DOLMAN will save at least 25 per cent by calling at THE NEW YORK CASH STORE and examining these goods.

Just received the first new goods in Janesville in 1881.

NEW PRINTS and GINGHAMS and SPRING GOODS of all kinds.

Respectfully,
SMITH & BOSTWICK

HANCHETT & SHELDON,

25 Main Street, Janesville.

—:o:—

Skates, Table Cutlery, Pocket-Knives, Carvers, Shears, Razors and Griddle's Weather Strip, Meat Cutters, &c.

A Complete Line of all Winter Goods

Wisconsin Wood Chopper Axes are the best and warranted, A first class new Oven Coal Stove for $30.00. A full line of Cook and Heating Stoves at reduced prices. Headquarters for Heavy Hardware. A full stock of Sleigh and Cutter stock. mar20dawly

1881.

We will open this week $20,000 of New Goods for the winter months of 1881. Our large sales for the past three months have reduced our stock so that we we are able to buy nearly a full assortment in all departments, of the newest and latest styles for the next 90 days. We have no old stock to close out, but buying at this time of year we can sell you new, fresh, stylish goods at 10 per cent. less than former prices; on all kinds of Domestics, such as Canton Flannels, Ginghams, Prints, Shirtings, Denims, Tickings, &c., 5 per cent less than any house in the city, and will continue to do so as long as we are in business. Black and Colored Cashmeres we bought last April when those goods were lower than ever known before. Our Black Cashmeres that cost us 90c are now worth in the market 1.07 1.2, so houses buying from day to day have to pay the advance prices in the busy season. We make a specialty of Kid Gloves, never out of a No. or Button in the leading brands of Kid Gloves. We commence the year of 1881 with a complete assortment of all kinds of First Class Dry Goods. McKEY & BRO.
Sign of the Golden Sheep, New Store, West Milwaukee Street, Janesville, Wis.